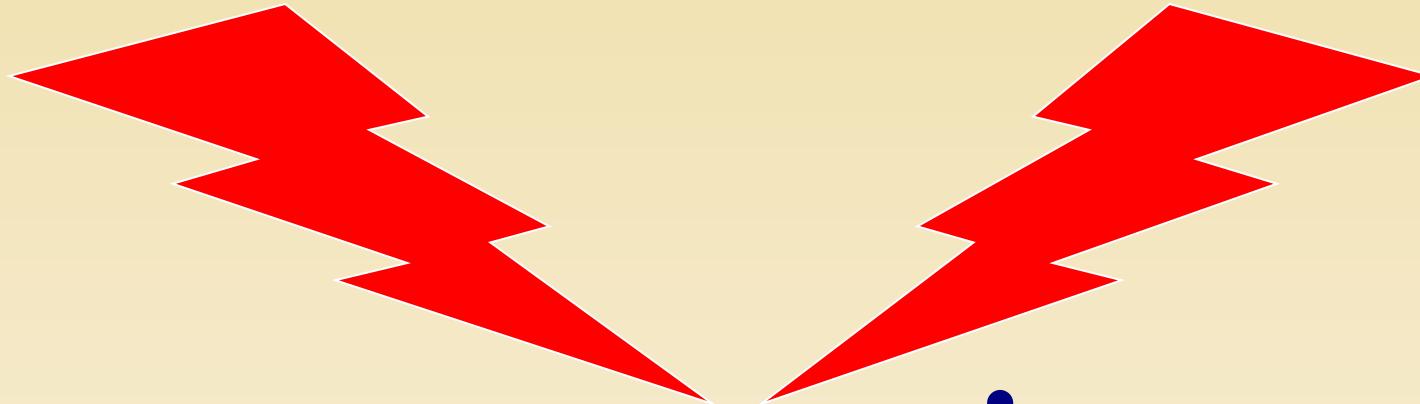


# weak bosons



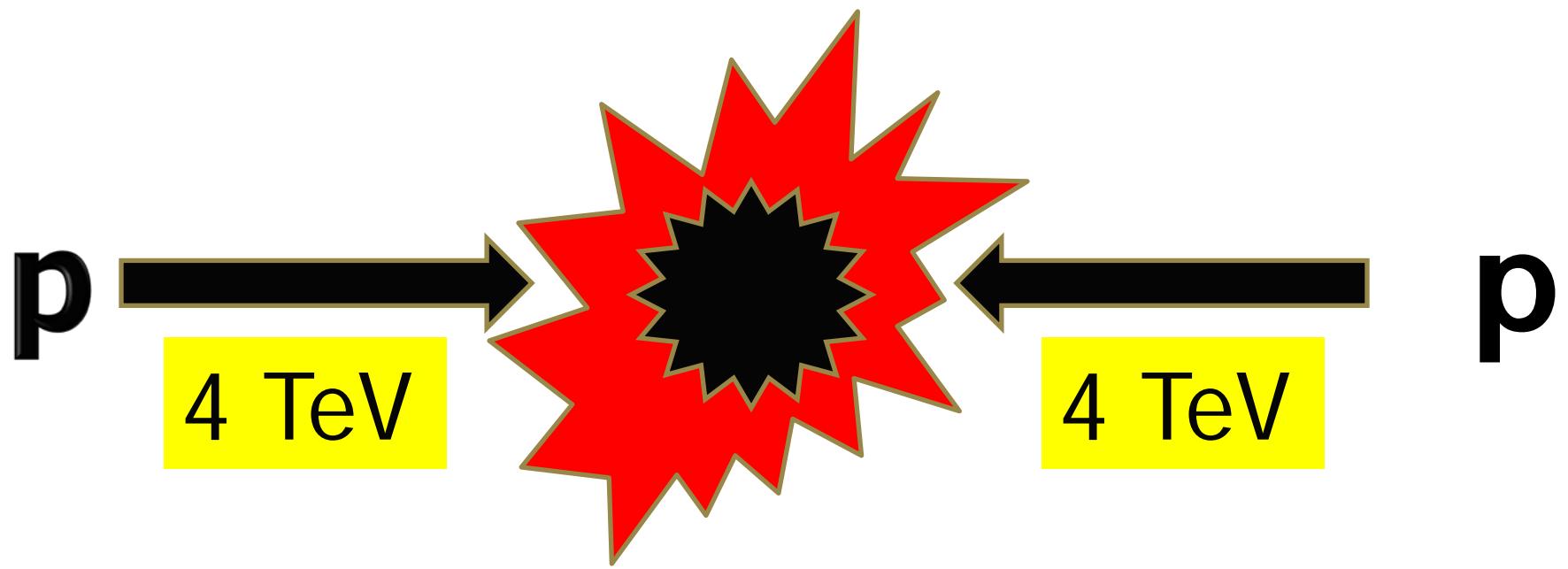
# composite

H. Fritzsch

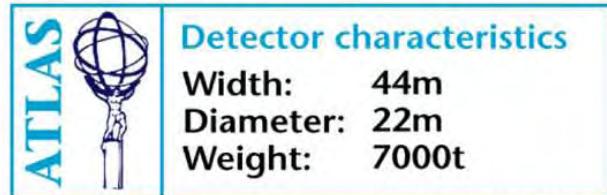
LMU      Munich



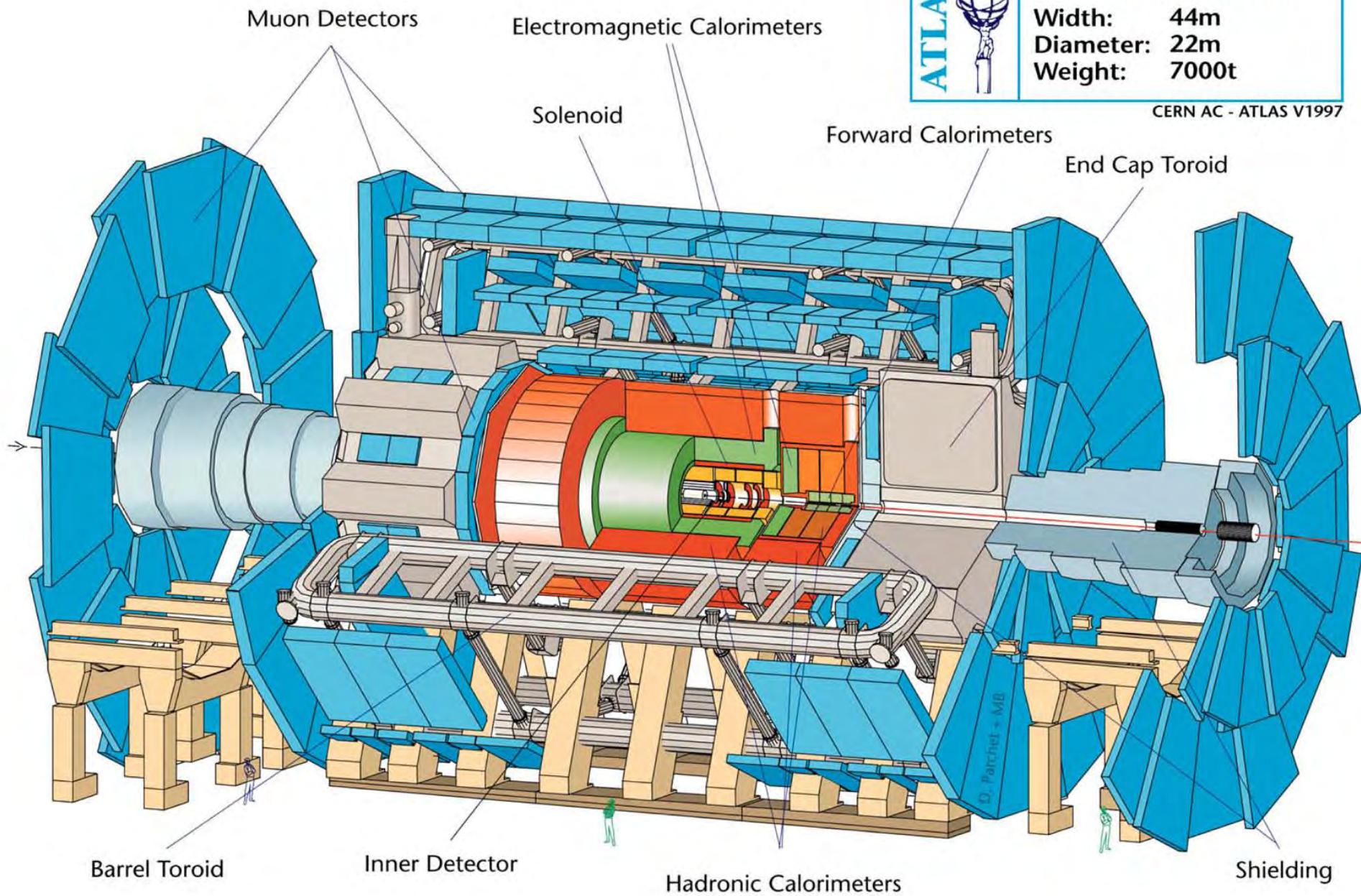
LHC

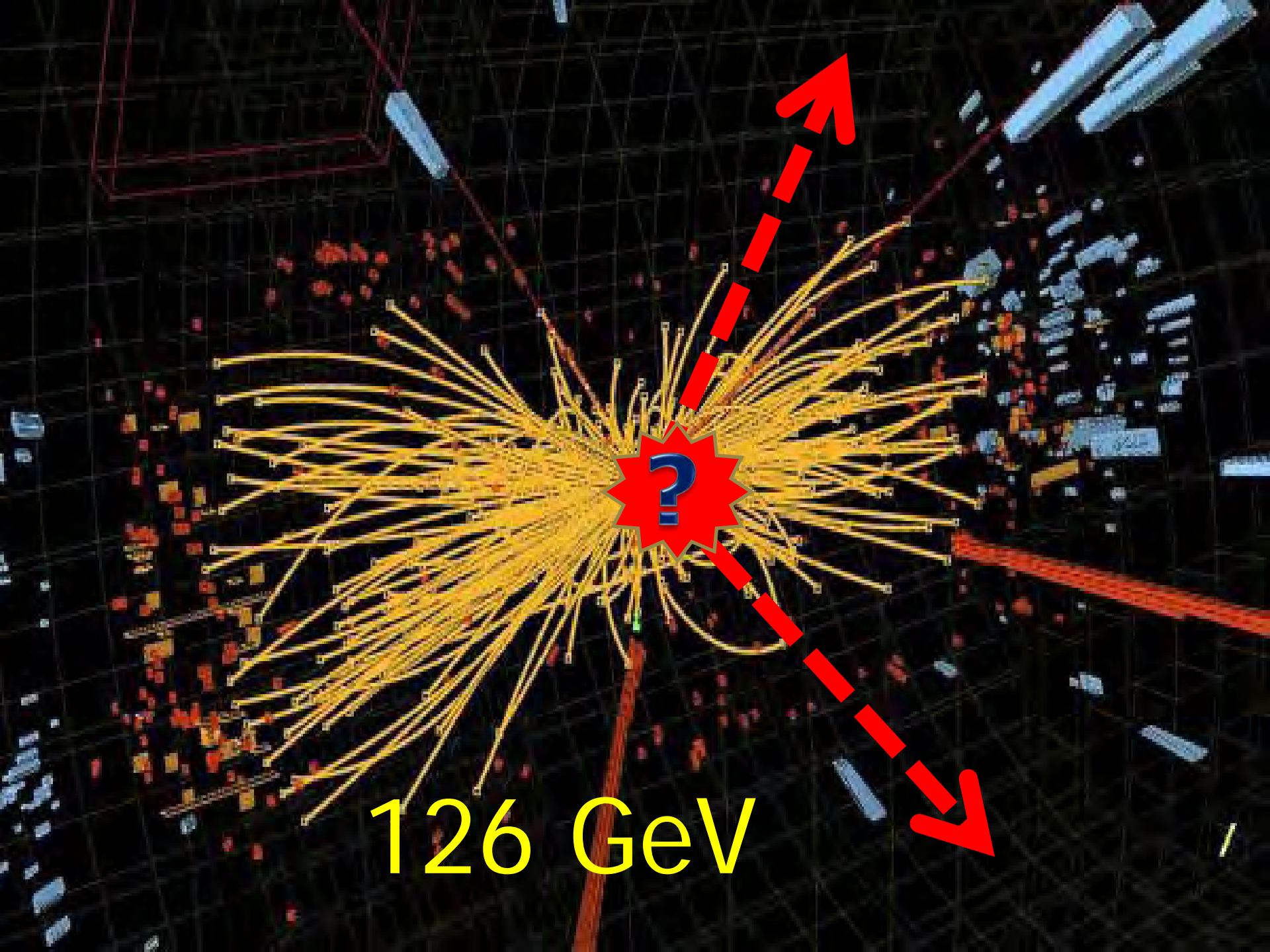


# ATLAS at Large Hadron Collider / CERN



CERN AC - ATLAS V1997





126 GeV

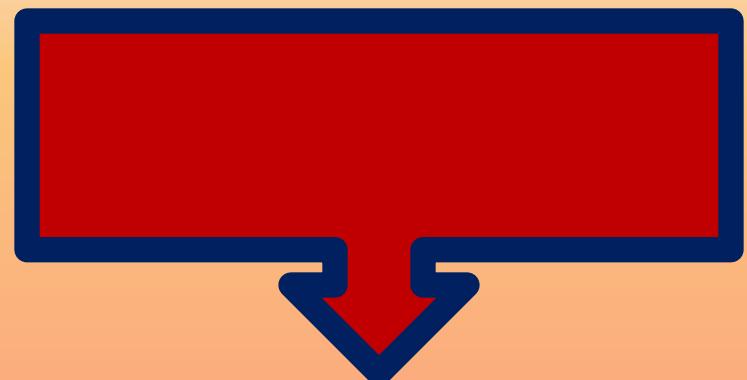
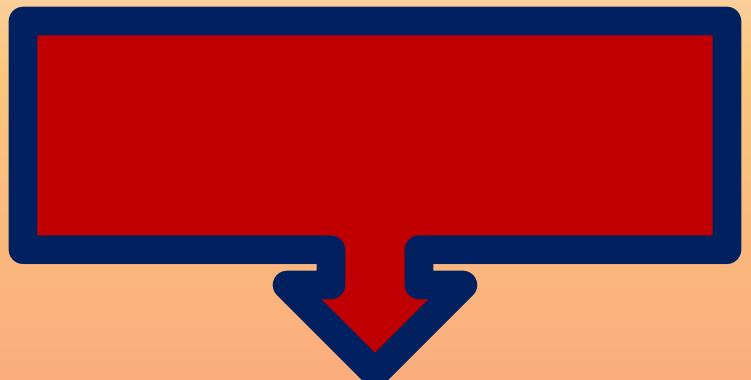
?

excited

weak boson

spin 0

# weak bosons



composite

# Standard Model

quarks + leptons

weak bosons



pointlike

# SLAC - DESY LEP - Tevatron

radius of electron:

$$\leq 10^{-17} \text{ cm}$$

radius of u/d-quark:

# **STANDARD MODEL**

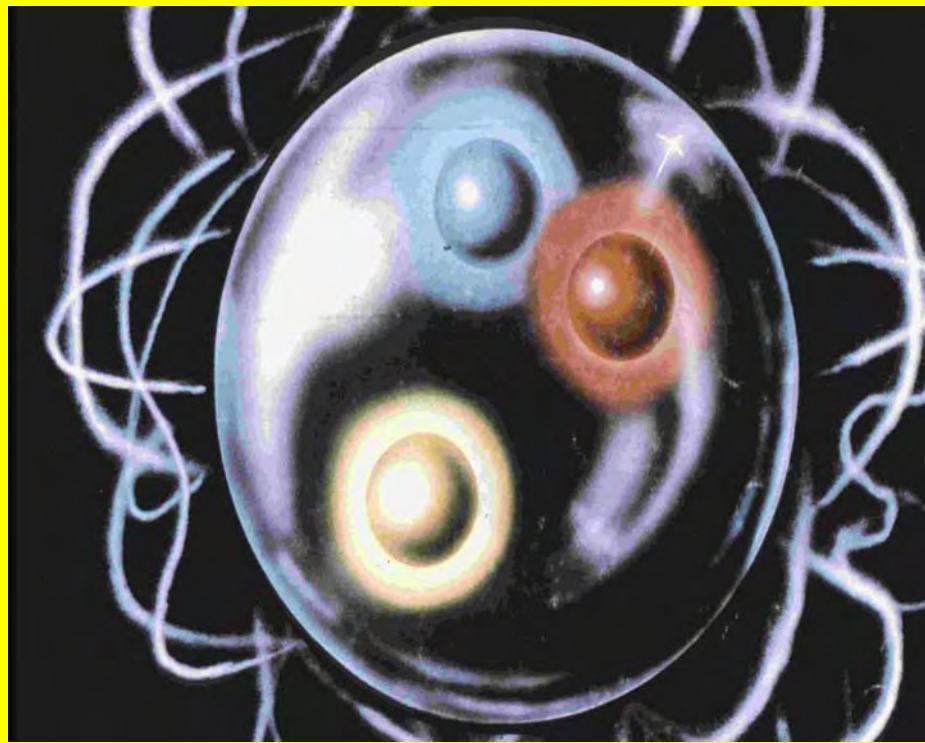
**! Mass of Proton !**

**? Mass of Weak Boson ?**

proton  
mass



field energy of  
gluons and quarks



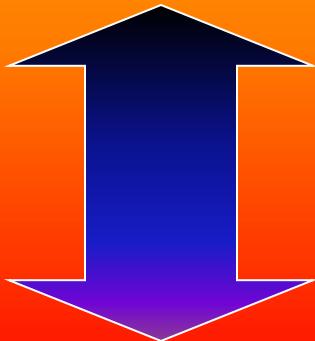
$$E(\text{gluons}) + E(\text{quarks}) = M_p c^2$$

70 %

30%

**Mass  
of  
Weak Boson  
???**

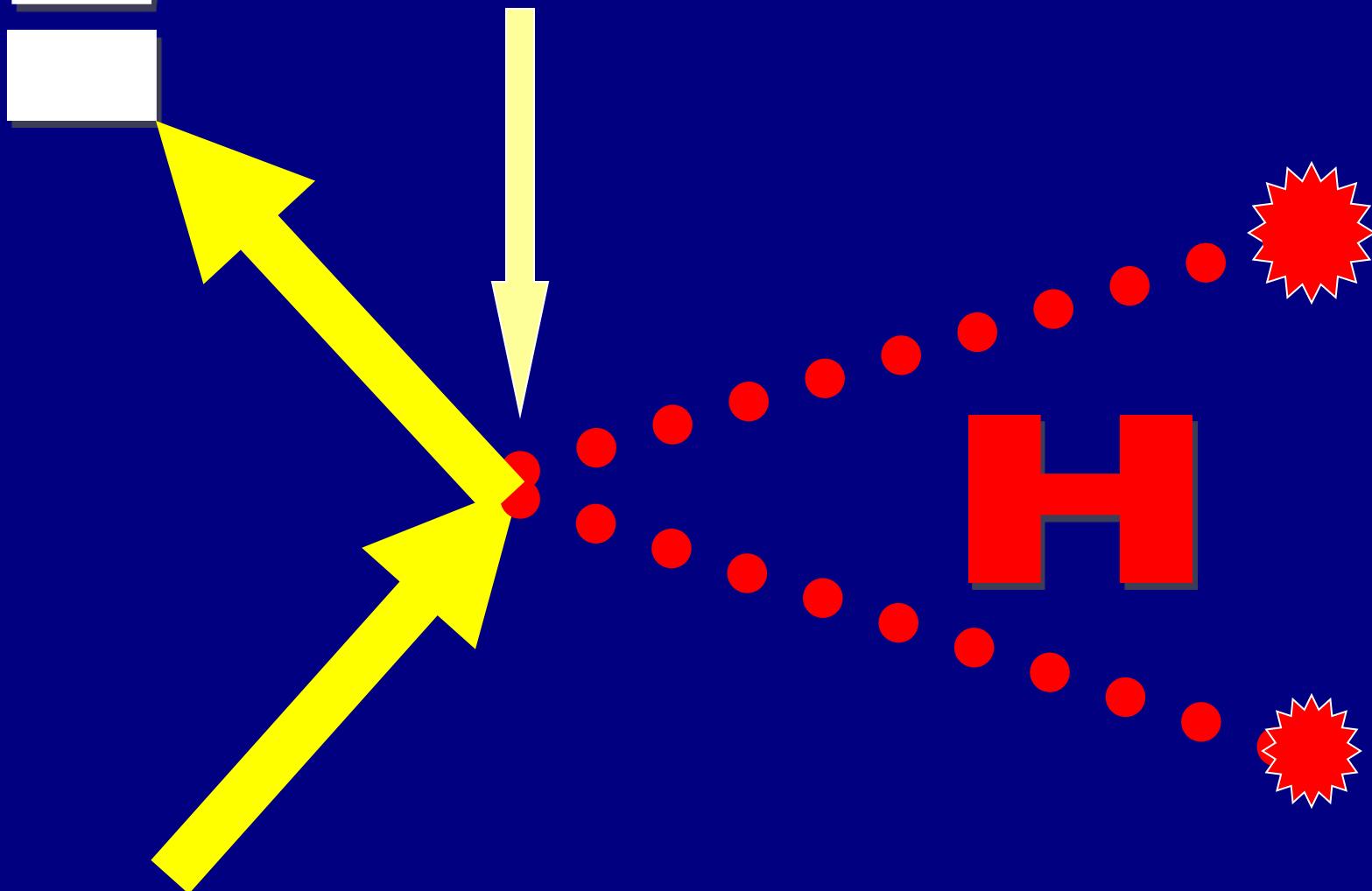
# **spontaneous symmetry breaking**

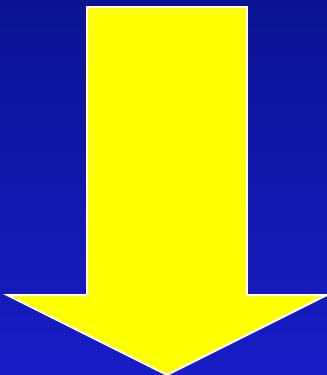


**“Higgs” - mechanism**

?

# weak boson mass



*alternative:*  
mass generation  
  
confinement

# Example rho - mesons

„Higgs“  
mechanism

~ 1960: J. J. Sakurai

**rho mesons**

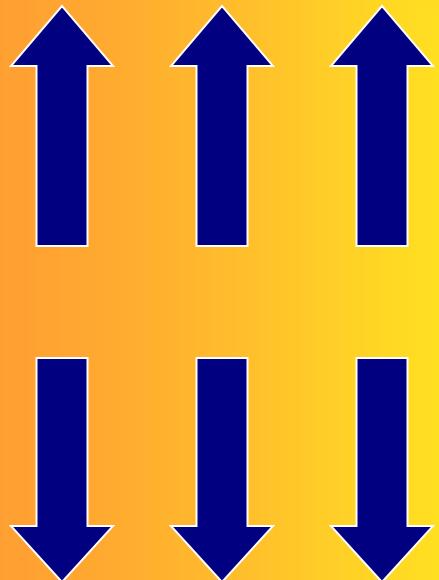


**elementary  
gauge bosons**

~ 1964  
mass generation  
for rho mesons

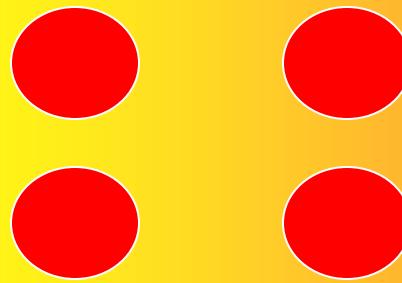
„Higgs“  
mechanism

# SU(2)



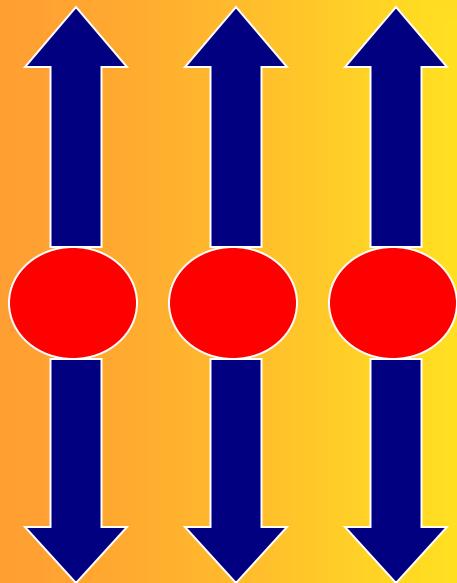
**massless**  
**rho - mesons**

2 x 2 scalars



**mass M**

# “Higgs“ - mechanism



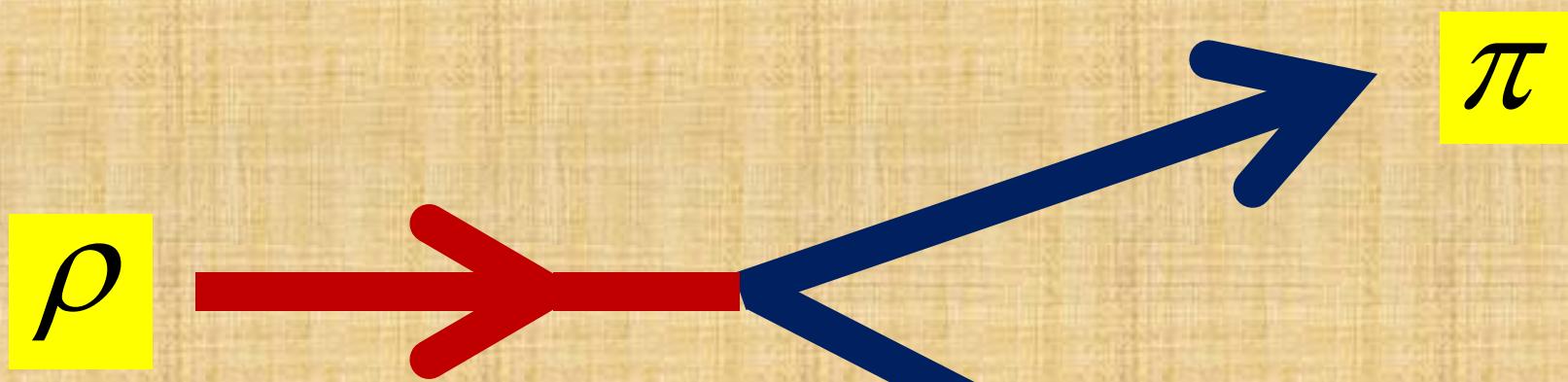
„Higgs“ - scalar



mass  $M$

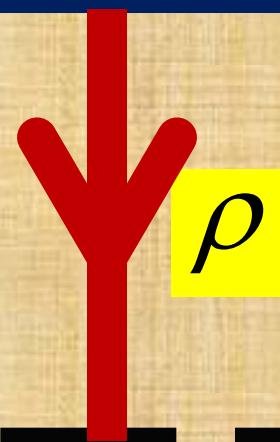
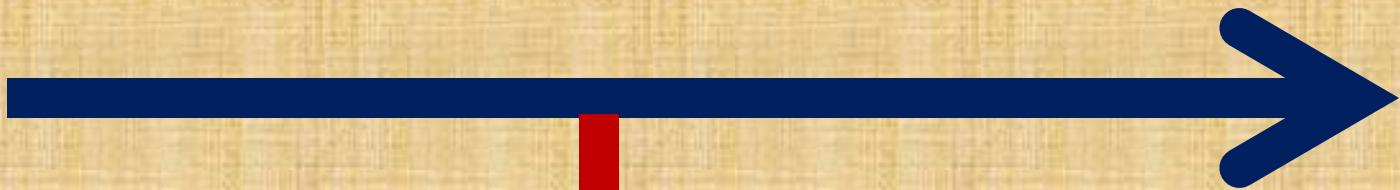
massive  
rho - mesons

# UNIVERSALITY



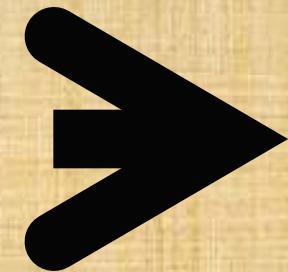
$$\frac{g_{\rho\pi\pi}^2}{4\pi} \approx 2.5$$

$\pi$

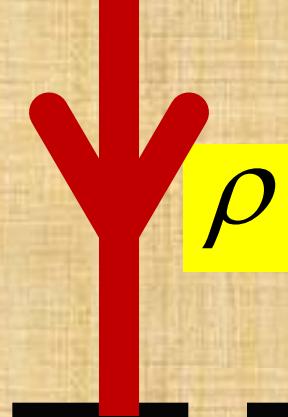


$\rho$

$N$



$$\frac{g_{\rho NN}^2}{4\pi} \approx 2.5$$

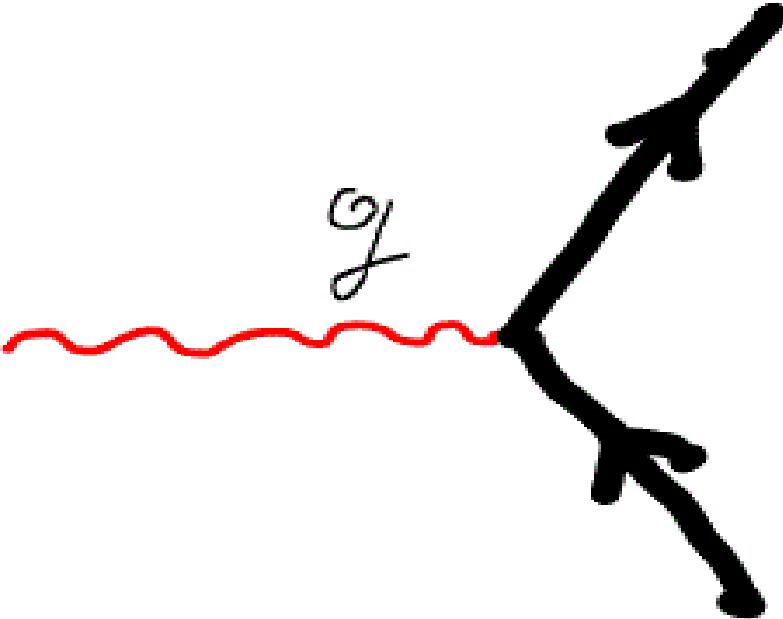


$$\frac{g_{\rho\rho\rho}^2}{4\pi} \approx 2.5$$

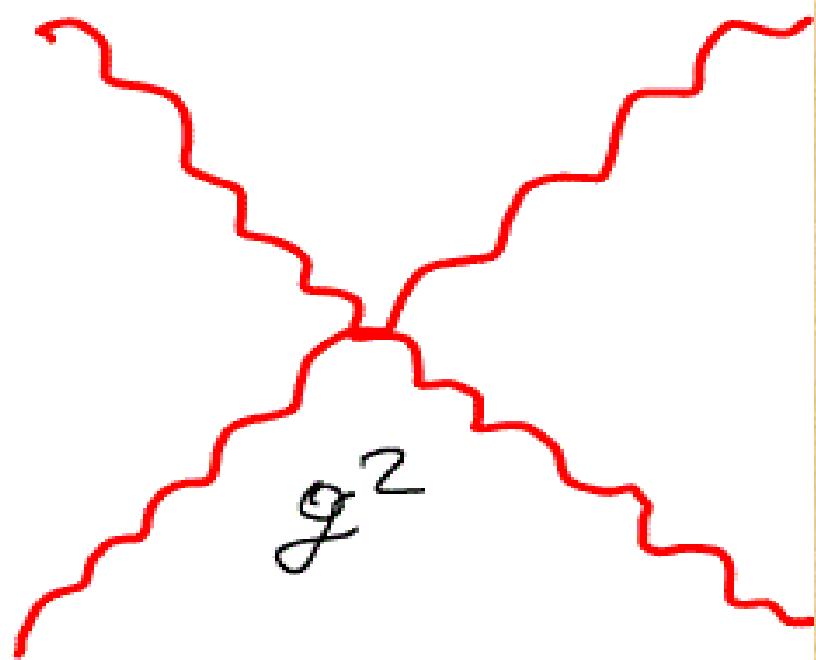
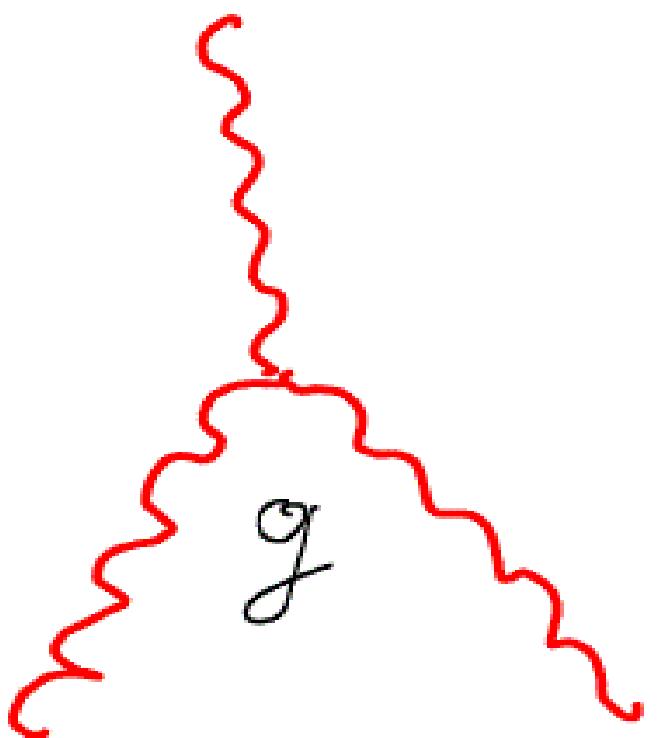
# **universality of coupling constants**



## **non-Abelian gauge invariance**



gauge theory



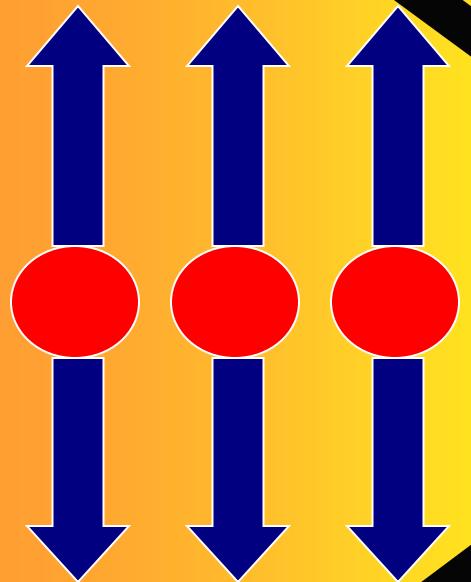
**rho mesons**

**elementary**

**gauge bosons**

A large red 'X' is drawn across the entire text, indicating that the concepts of rho mesons being elementary and gauge bosons are incorrect or disallowed.

# ~~"Higgs"~~ - mechanism



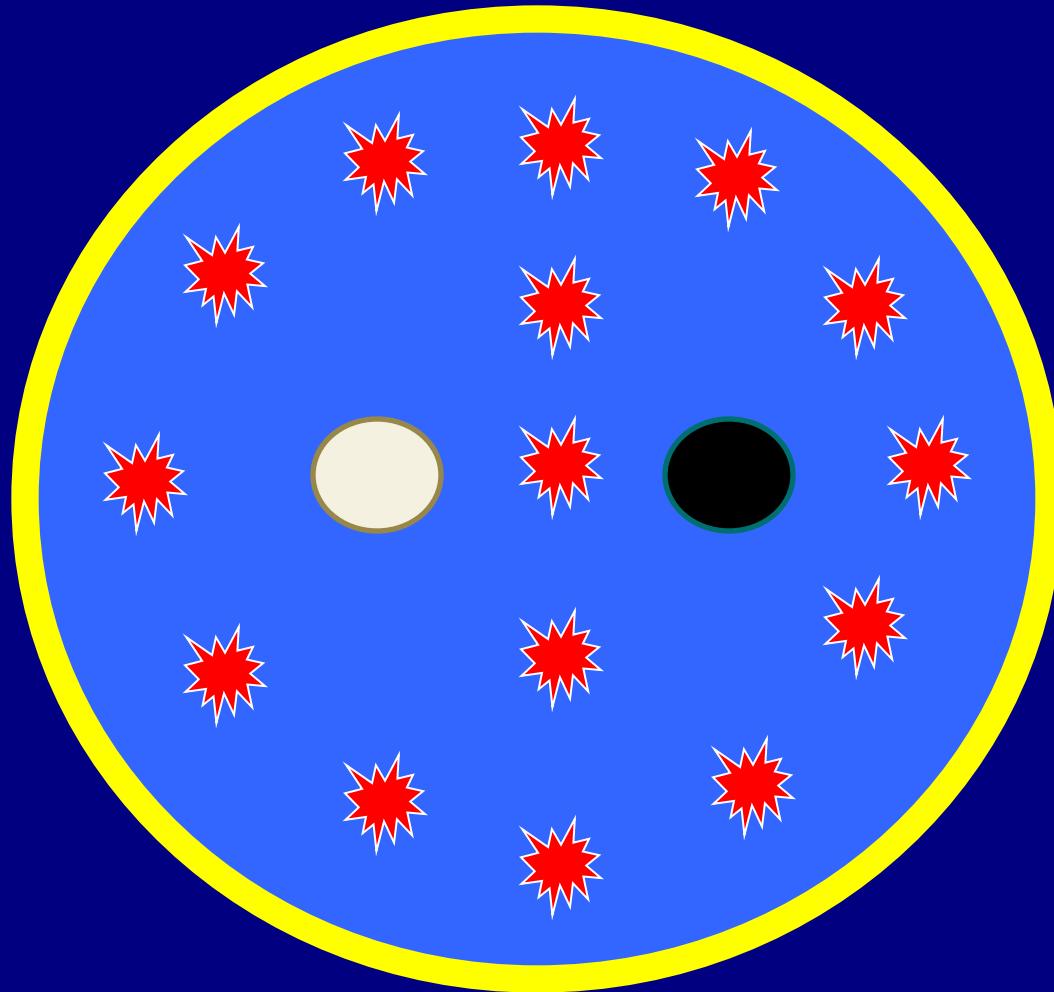
*"Higgs" - scalar*

**mass M**

~~massive  
rho - mesons~~

$\rho$ 

# - meson in QCD :



quark • antiquark • gluons \*

$$\rho = (\bar{q} q)$$

$$M_{\rho} \approx 760 \text{ MeV}$$

$$= \text{const.} \bullet \Lambda_c$$

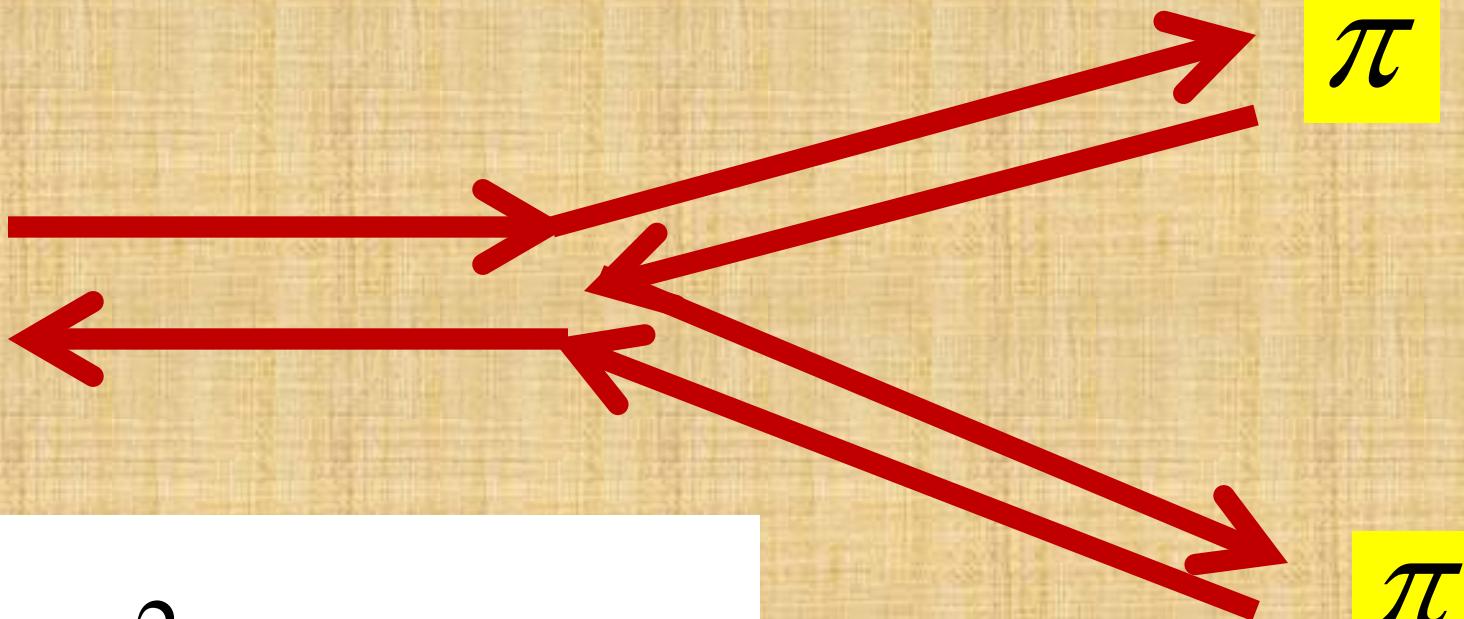
# Q C D

1 GeV

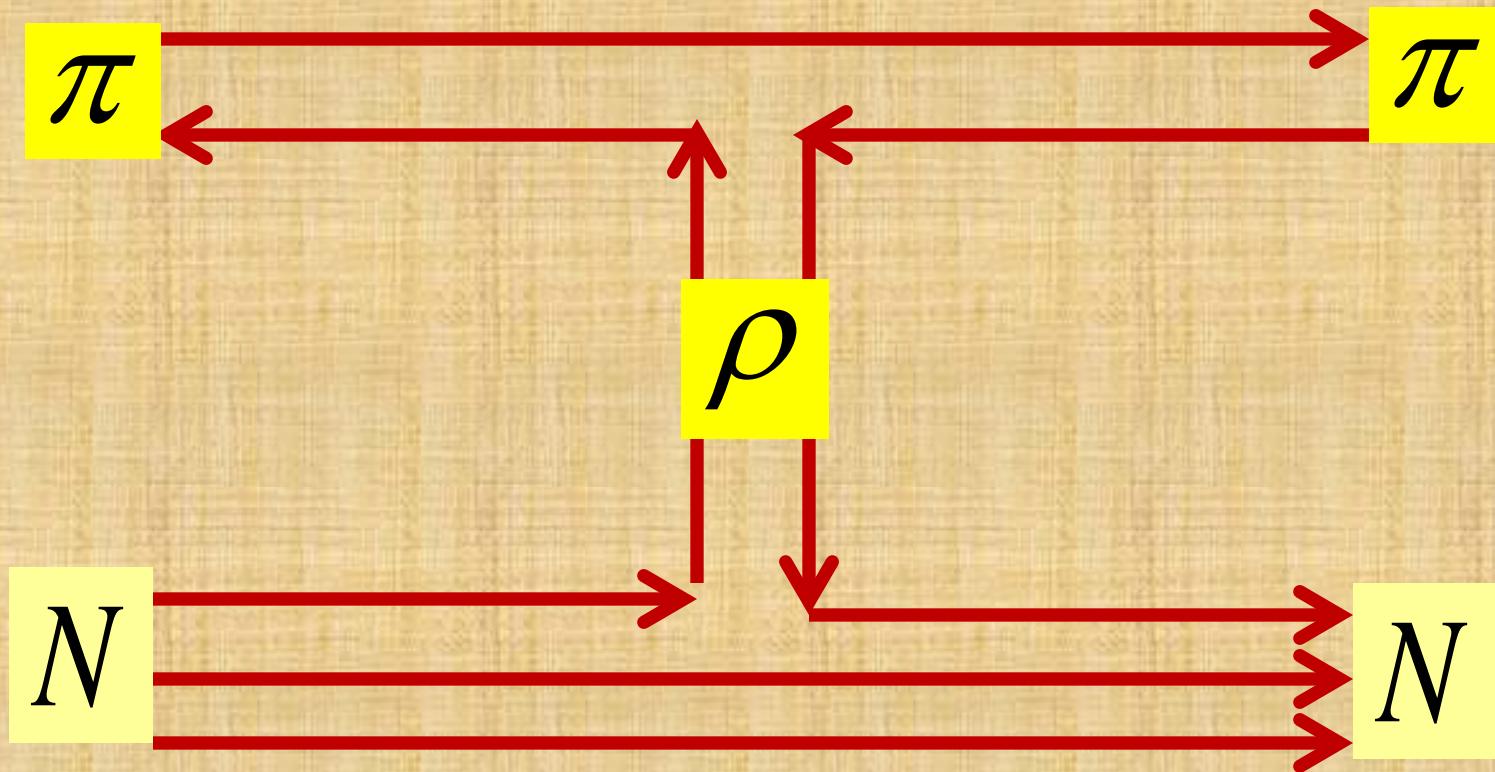


**3 massive  
rho - mesons**

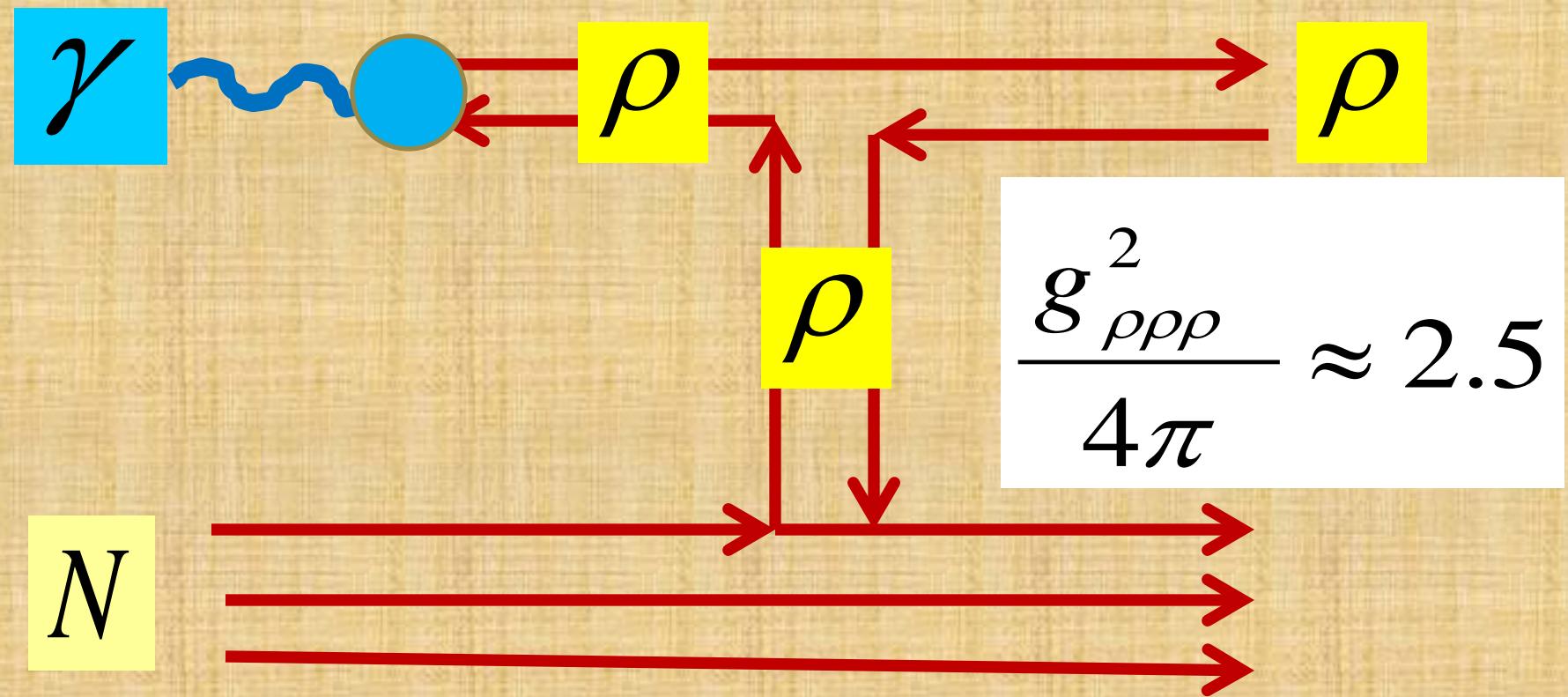
# UNIVERSALITY



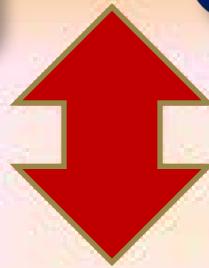
$$\frac{g_{\rho\pi\pi}^2}{4\pi} \approx 2.5$$



$$\frac{g_{\rho NN}^2}{4\pi} \approx 2.5$$



# universality coupling constants



quarks

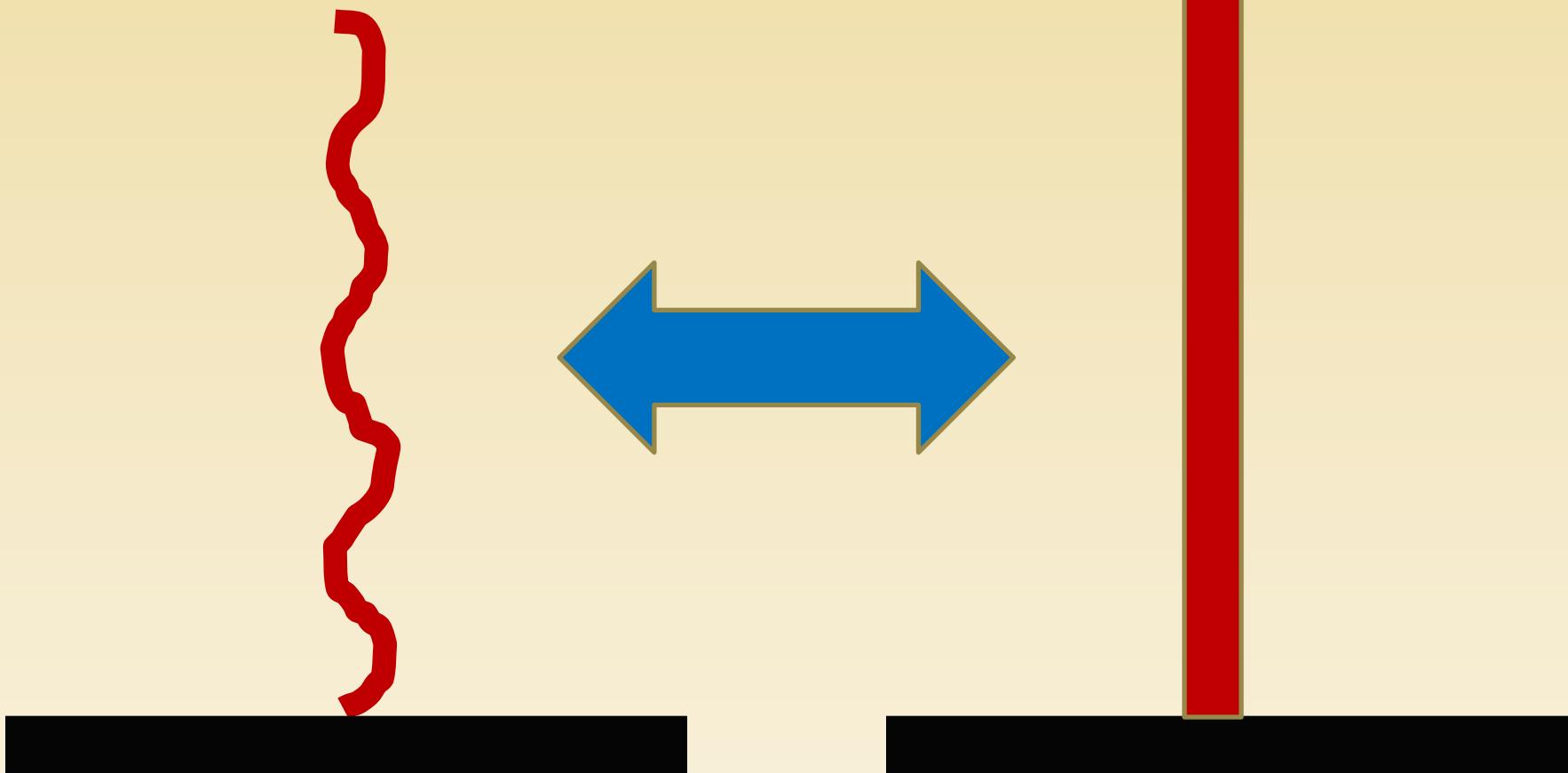
duality diagrams

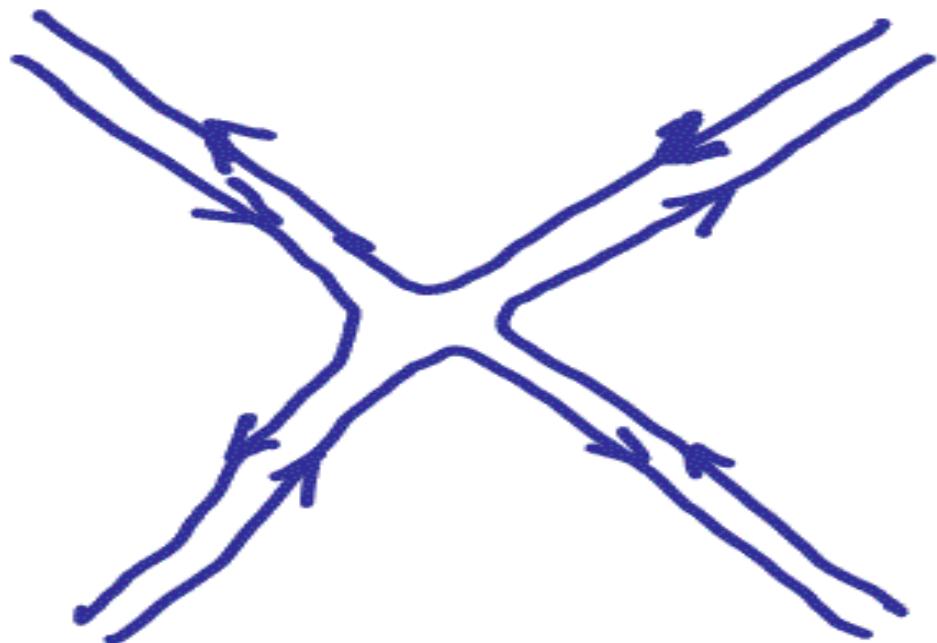
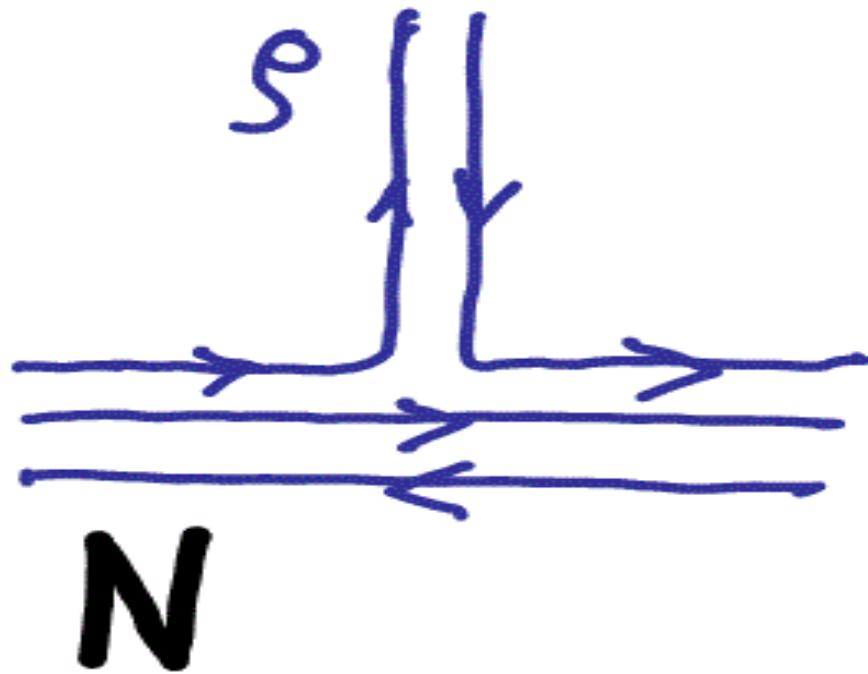
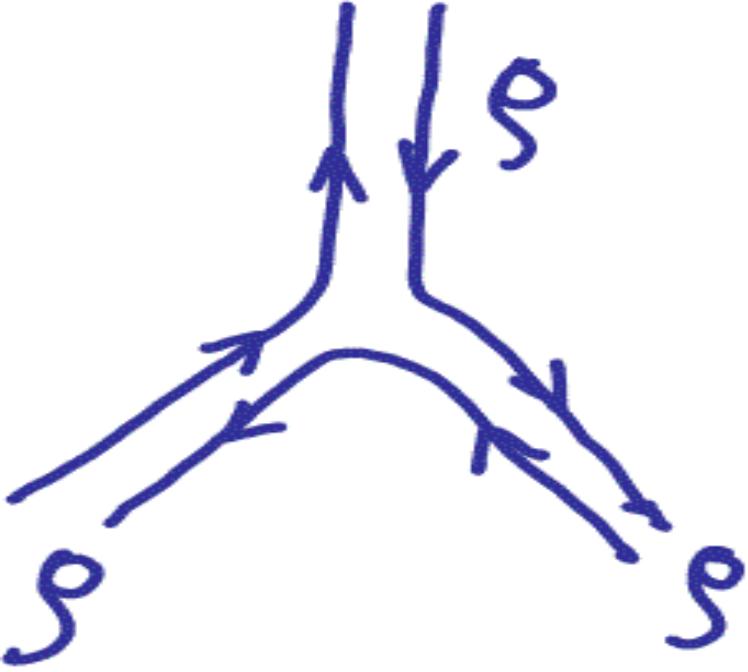
current algebra

vector meson dominance

current

rho - meson

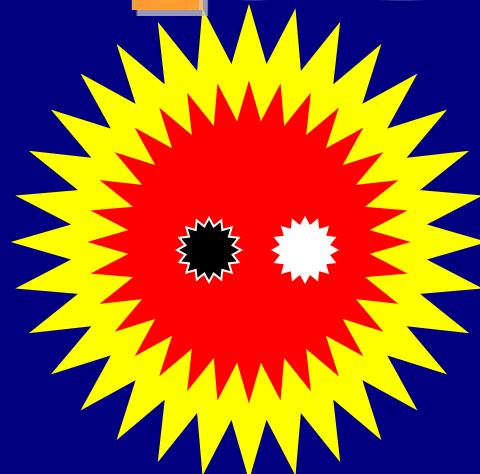




# weak bosons



# composite



# **old references:**

Bjorken (1977)

Fritzsch and Mandelbaum (1981)

Abbott and Farhi (1981)

Barbieri and Mohapatra (1981)

Fritzsch, Kogerler and Schildknecht (1982)

Lüst (1985)

Calmet and Fritzsch (2000)

**new:**

H. Fritzsch

2010 - arXiv: 1010.1428

2011 - arXiv: 1105.3354

2012 - arXiv: 1203.5600

# **masses of composite weak bosons ?**

## **analogy**

$$\rho^+ \iff W^+$$

$$\rho^0 \iff W^0$$

$$\rho^- \iff W^-$$

M

# QCD

$$\rho^+$$

$$\rho^0$$

$$\rho^-$$

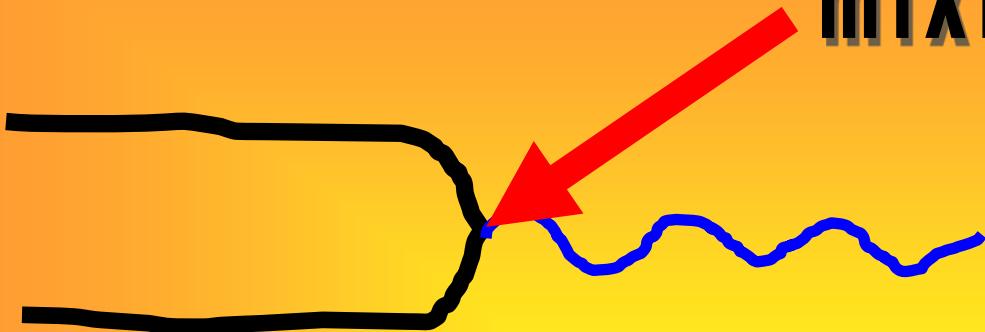


***QCD*** + ***QED***

Dynamical mixing of rho meson  
and photon:



mixing parameter  $m$



$$m = e \frac{F_\rho}{M_\rho}$$

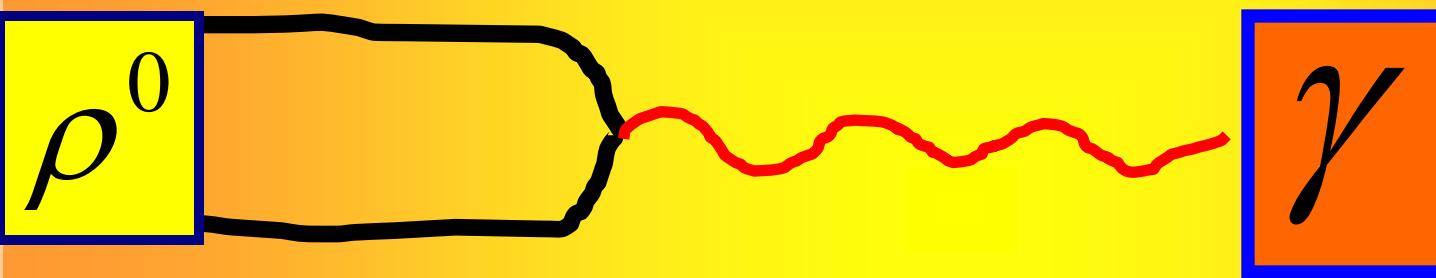
$$\langle 0 | \frac{1}{2} (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu u - \bar{d} \gamma_\mu d) | \rho_0 \rangle = \varepsilon_\mu M_\rho F_\rho$$

$F_\rho$  : decay constant

$$F_\rho \approx 220 \quad MeV$$

$$F_\rho \approx \Lambda_c$$

# mixing with photon



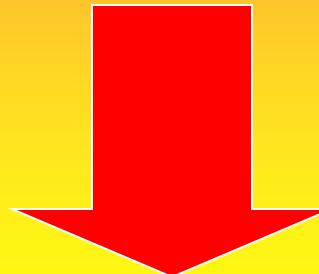
m: mixing parameter



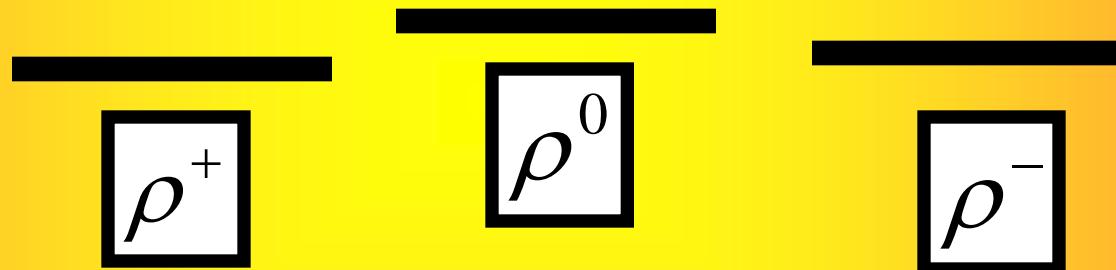
$$M_{\rho^0}^2 = \frac{M_{\rho^+}^2}{1 - m^2}$$

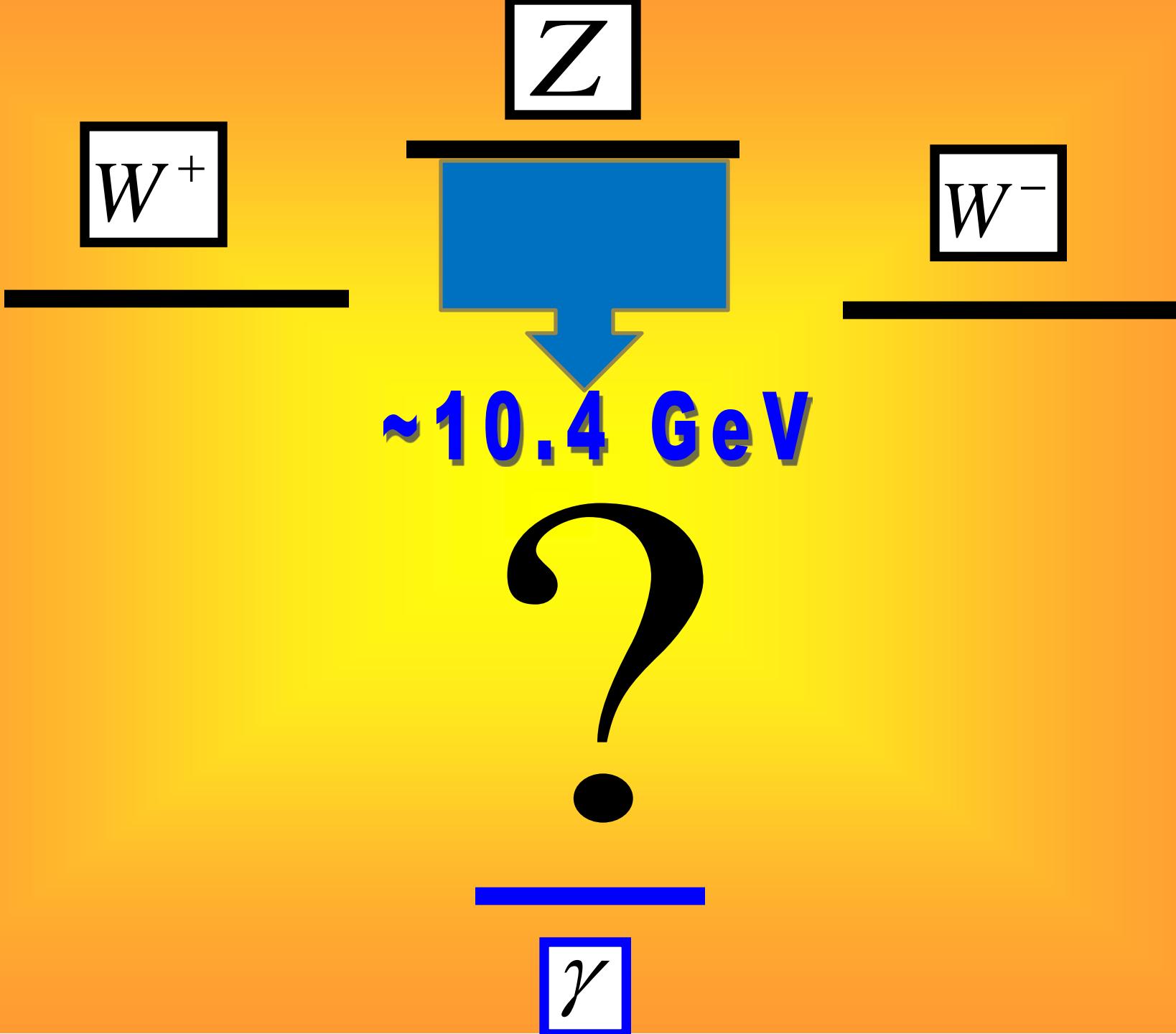
$$\sim 3.1 \text{ MeV}$$
$$m = 0.09$$

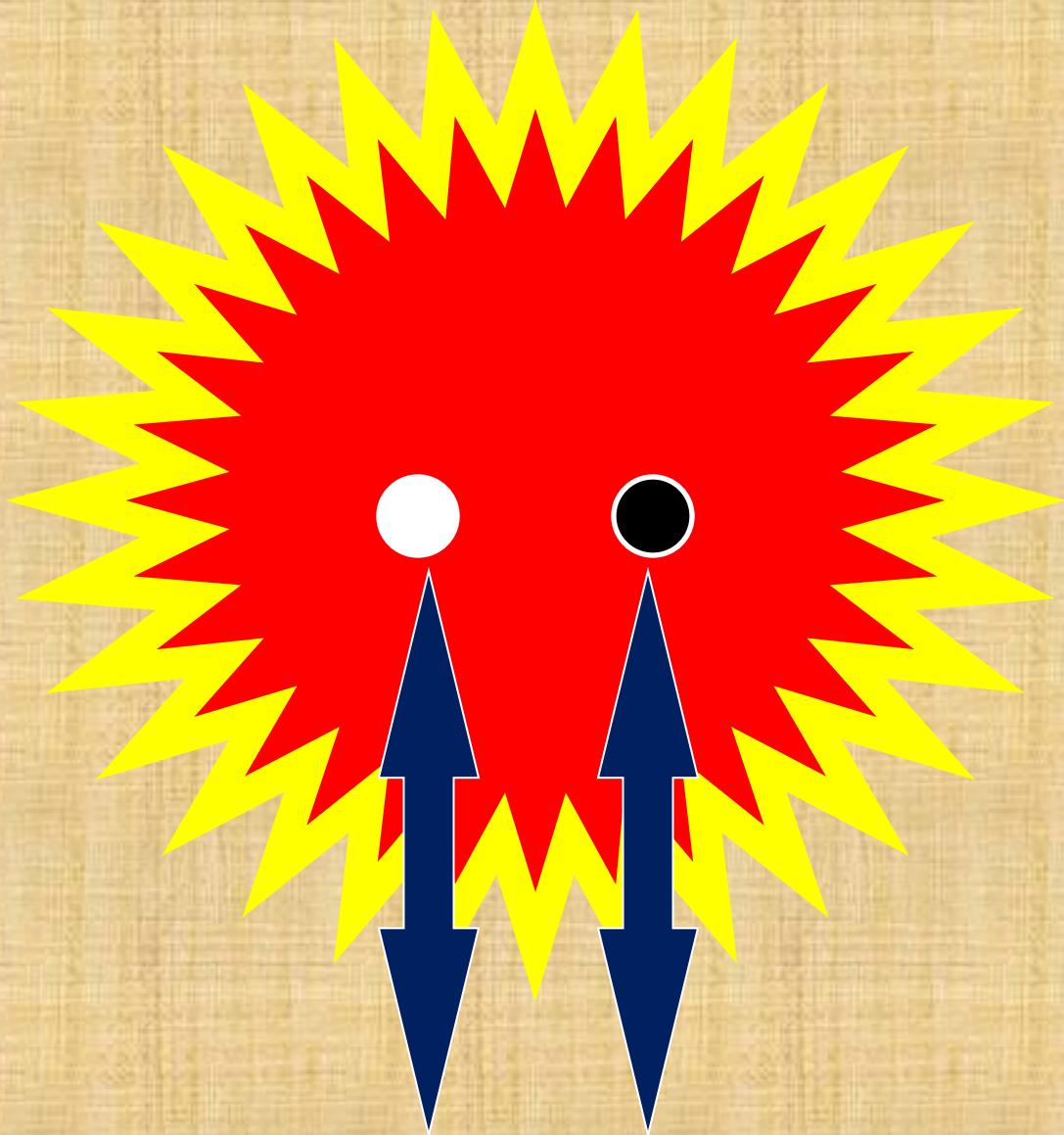
# QCD + QED



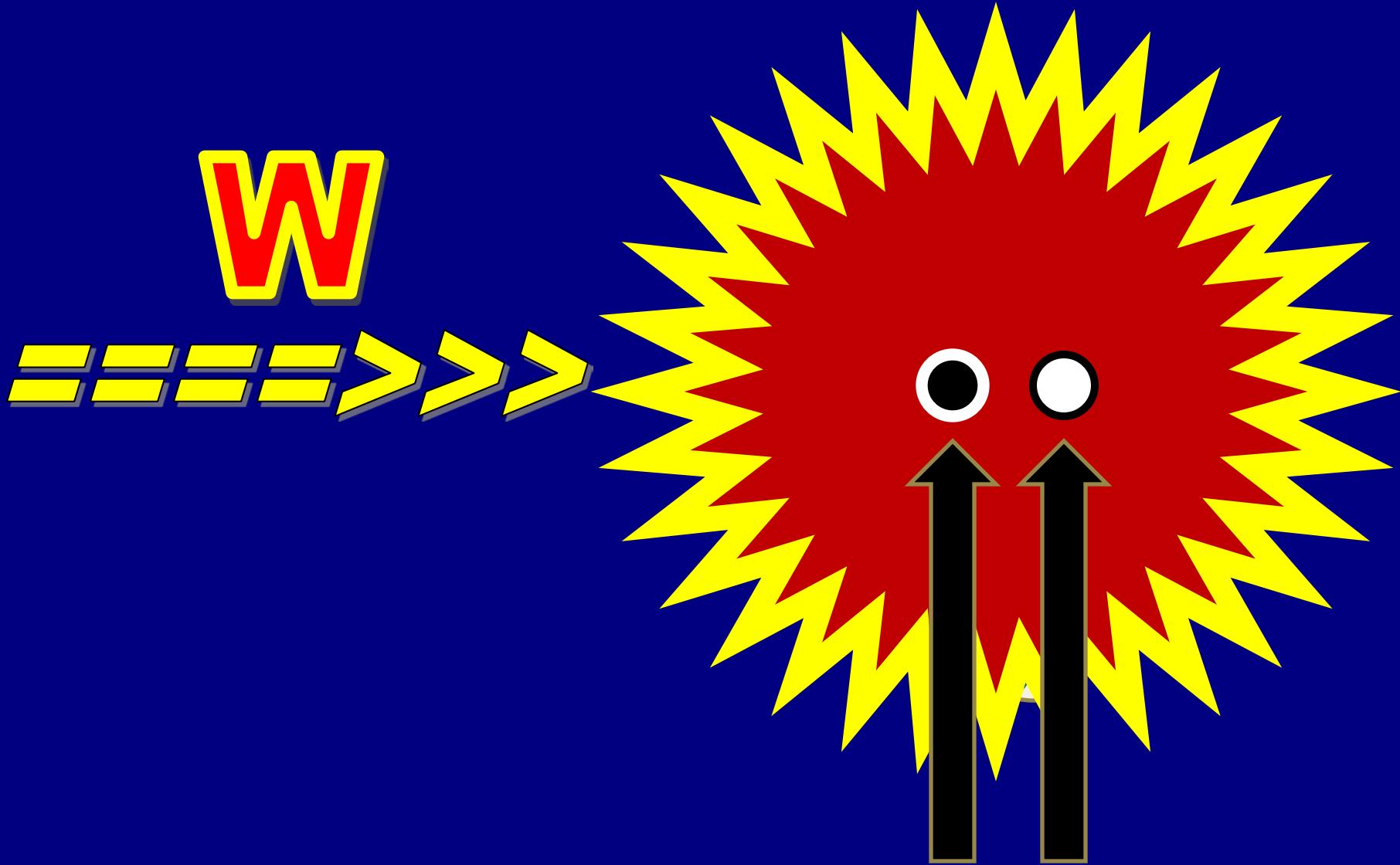
mass shift:  
3.1 MeV



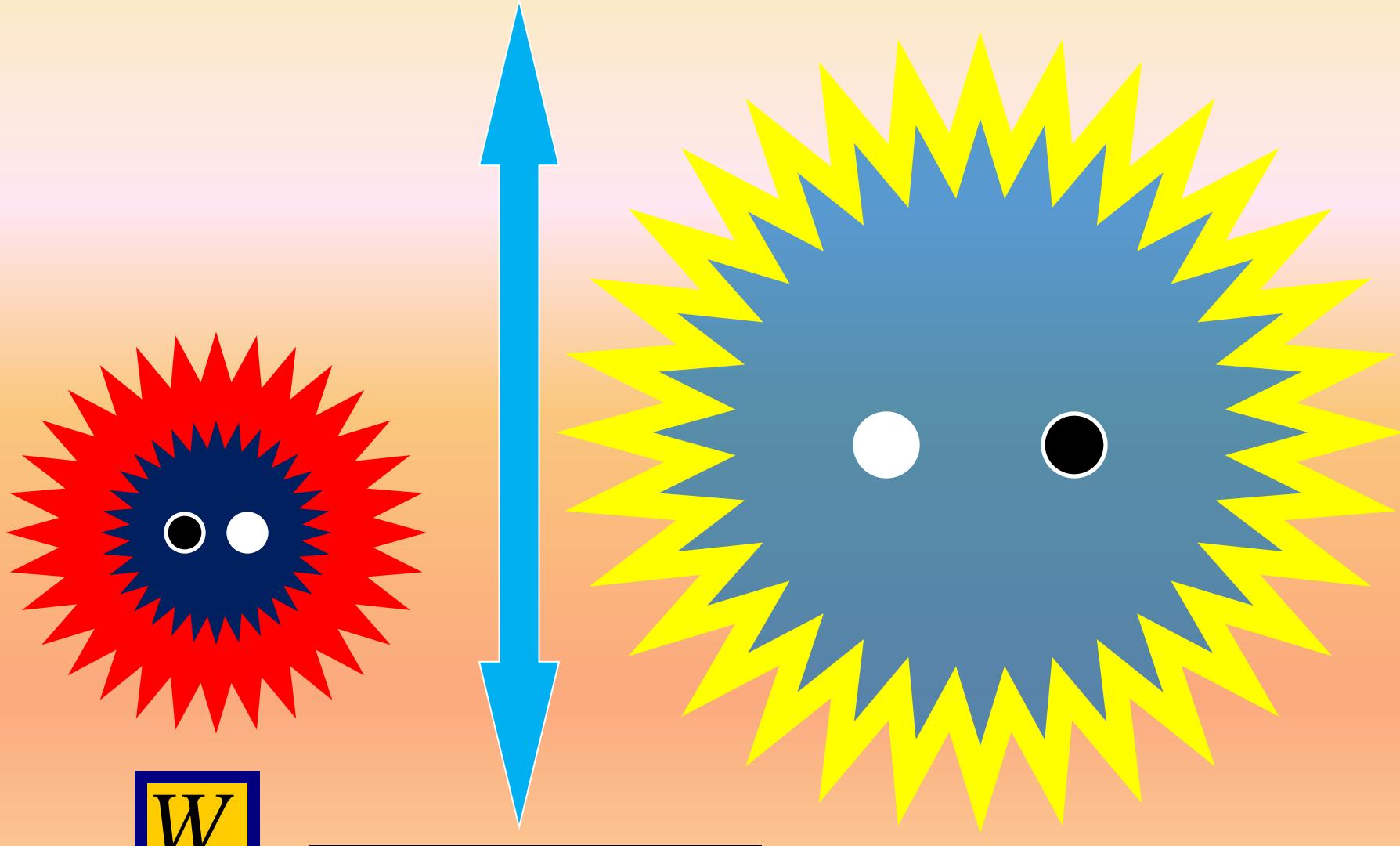


$\rho$ 

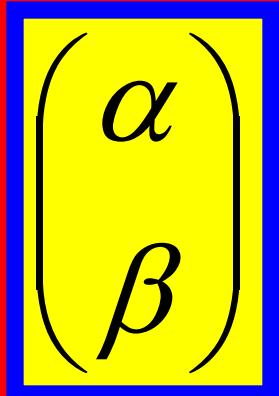
quarks



constituents

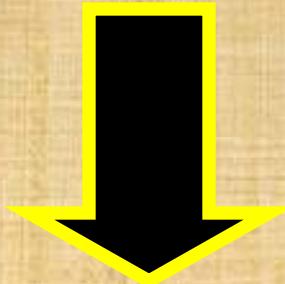
 $W$  $\geq 1000$  $\rho$

# Constituents of W-bosons



## lefthanded fermions

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$



*haplons*

**haplos** ⇔ **simple**

# *electric charges*

$$\alpha \Rightarrow +1/2$$
$$\beta \Rightarrow -1/2$$

$W^+$  $W^-$ 

$$\begin{matrix} \bar{\beta} & \alpha \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \bar{\alpha} & \beta \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha - \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

 $W^3$

haplons confined  
by gauge force

QHD

chiral gauge theory

glue → gluten

gauge bosons

glutons

Gauge group  
of QHD

**$\text{su}(n)$**

Gauge group  
of QHD:

? **SU(3)** ?

# QCD

$\rho$



duality diagram

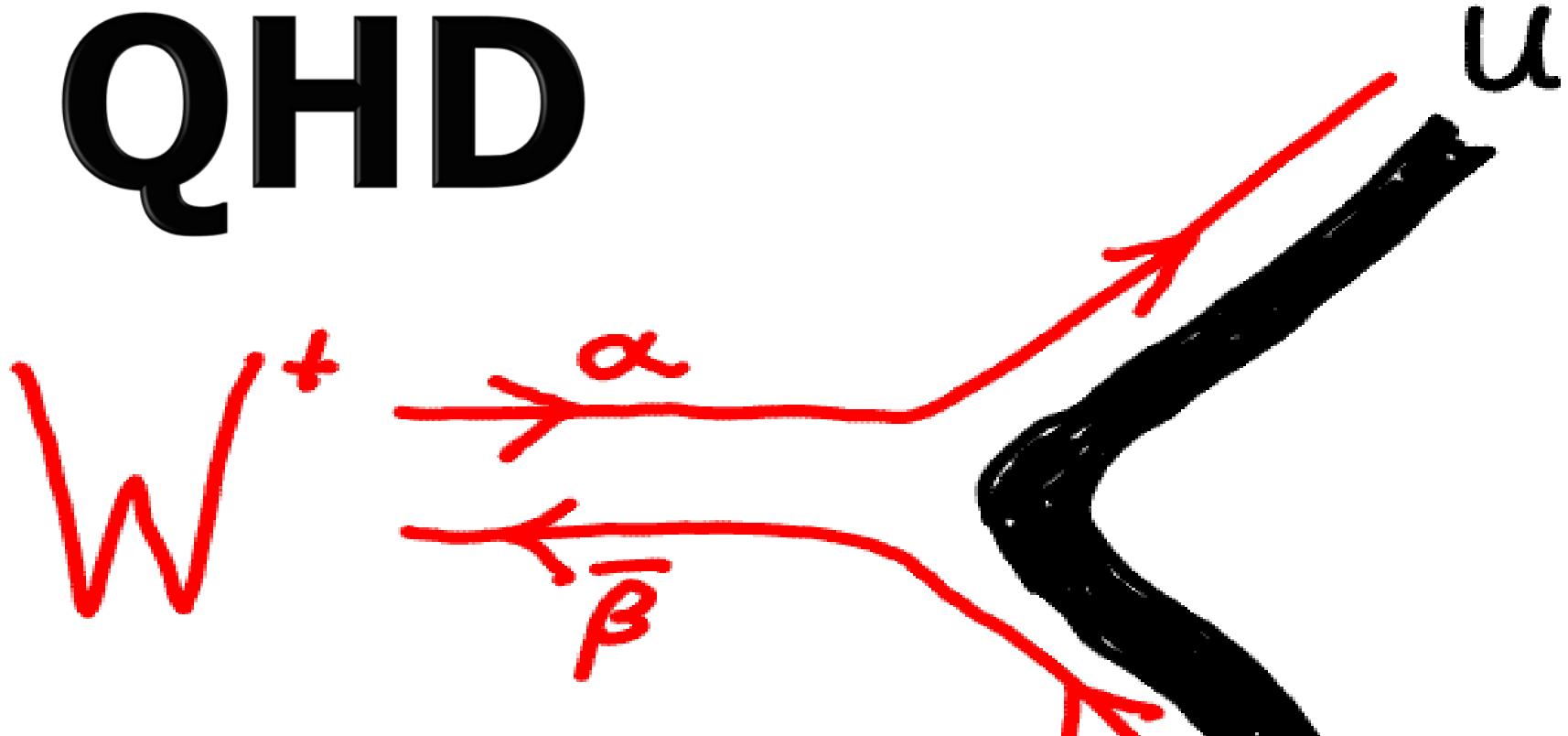


$\pi$



$\pi$

# QHD

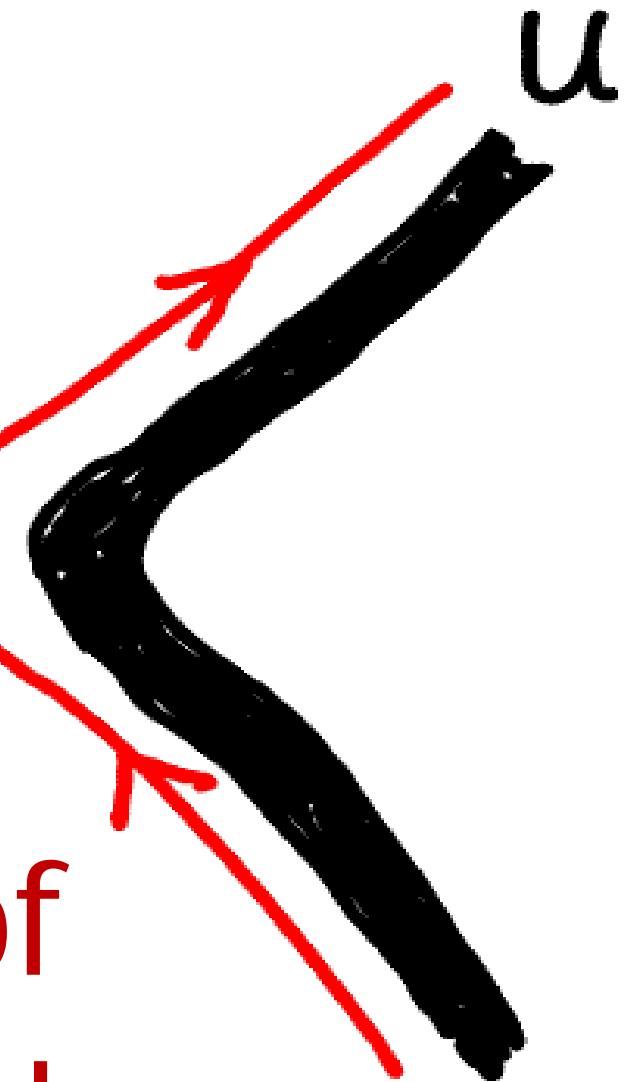


→ duality diagram

d

# QHD

$W^+$   $\rightarrow \alpha$   
 $\bar{\beta}$



→ universality of  
coupling constants

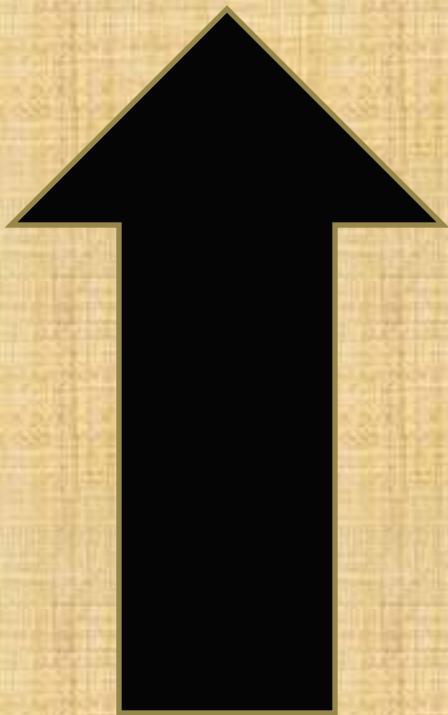
maximal parity  
violation

$$SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)$$



$$SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)$$

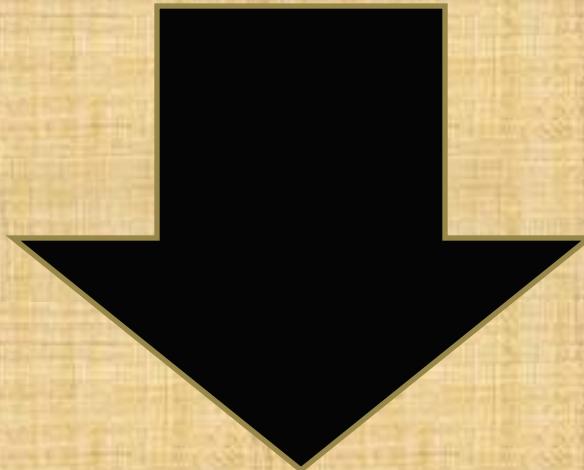
$$SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)$$



*mass of  $W_R$  : >1 TeV*

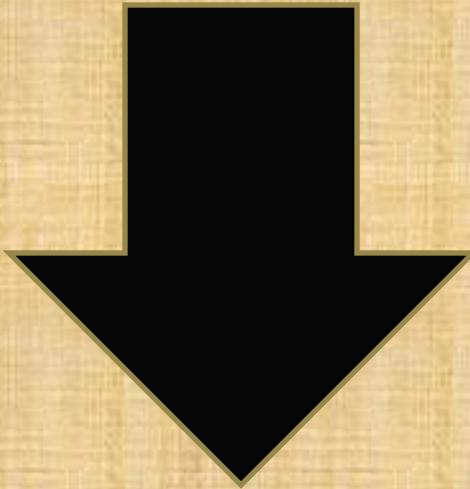
# Standard Model

$$SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)$$



$$(SU(3)_c \otimes U(1)) \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R$$

$$\left(\text{SU}(3)_c \otimes \text{U}(1)\right) \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \otimes \text{SU}(2)_R$$



$$\text{SU}(4)_{c,l} \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \otimes \text{SU}(2)_R$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu & U_r & U_g & U_b \\ L & D_r & D_g & D_b \end{pmatrix}$$



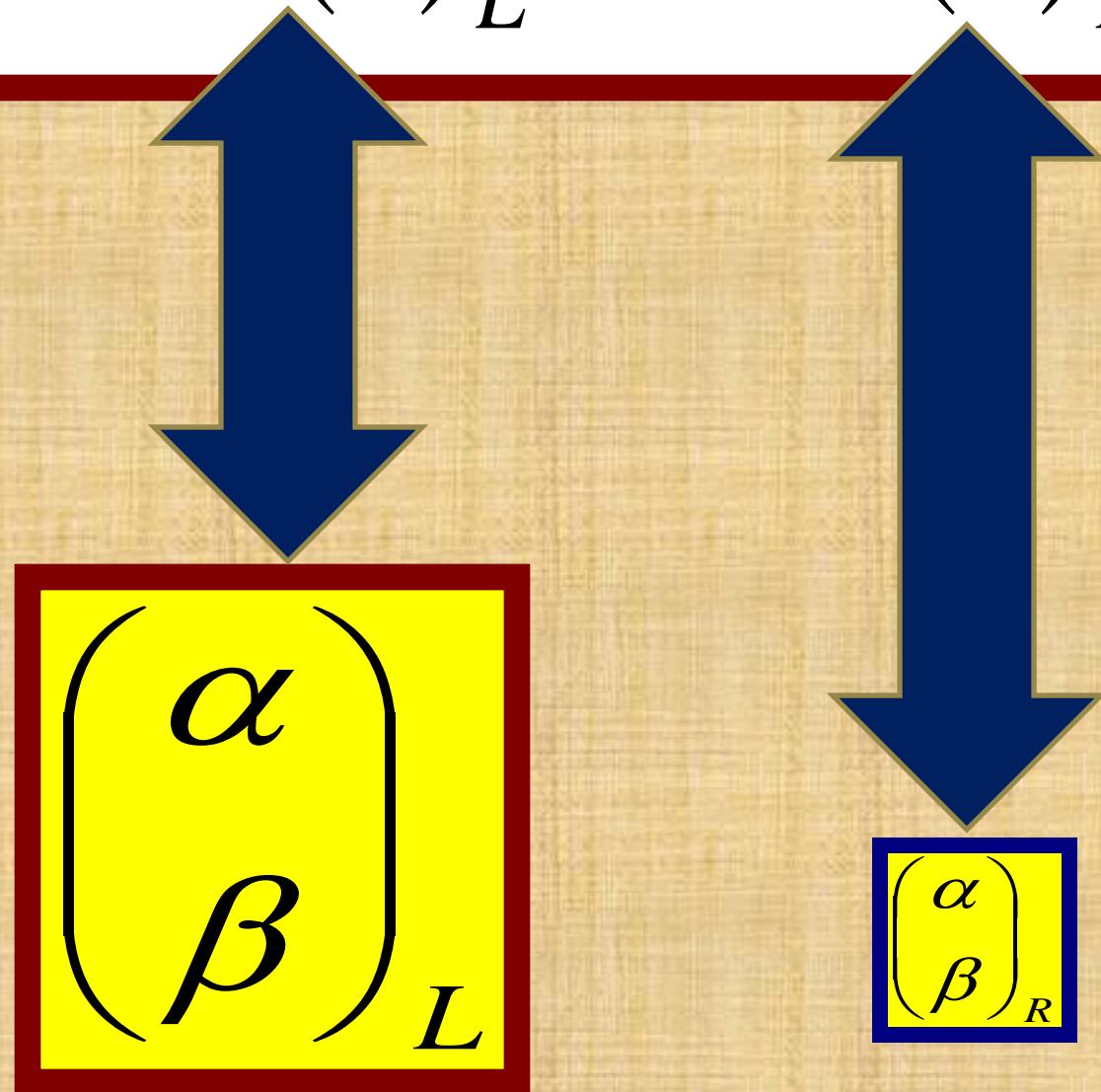
$$SU(4)_{c,l} \times SU(3)_c \otimes U(1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu & U_r & U_g & U_b \\ L & D_r & D_g & D_b \end{pmatrix}$$

4th color

J. Pati – A. Salam

$$SU(4)_{c,l} \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R$$



*gauge group  
of QHD*

$$SU(n)_L \otimes SU(n)_R$$

# mass scale of **QCD**

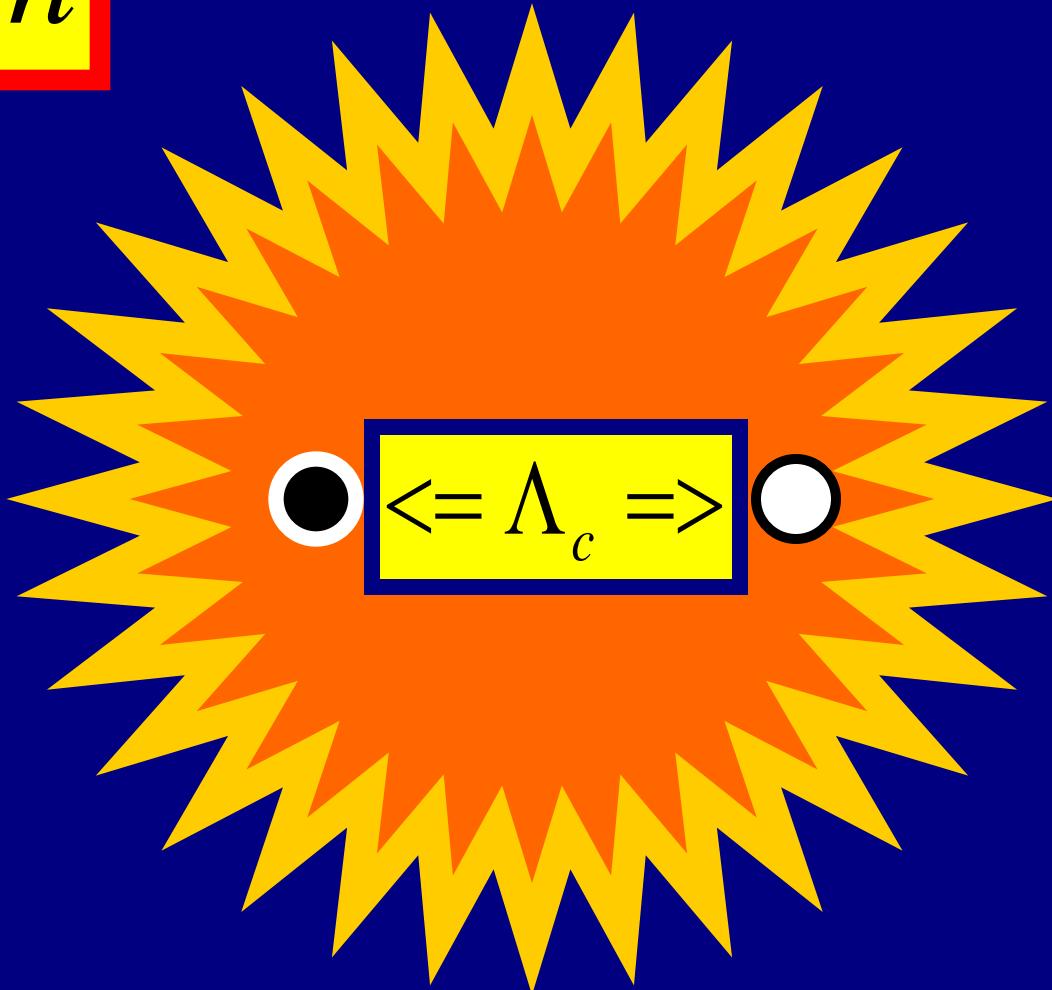


$$[\Lambda_L * \Lambda_R]$$

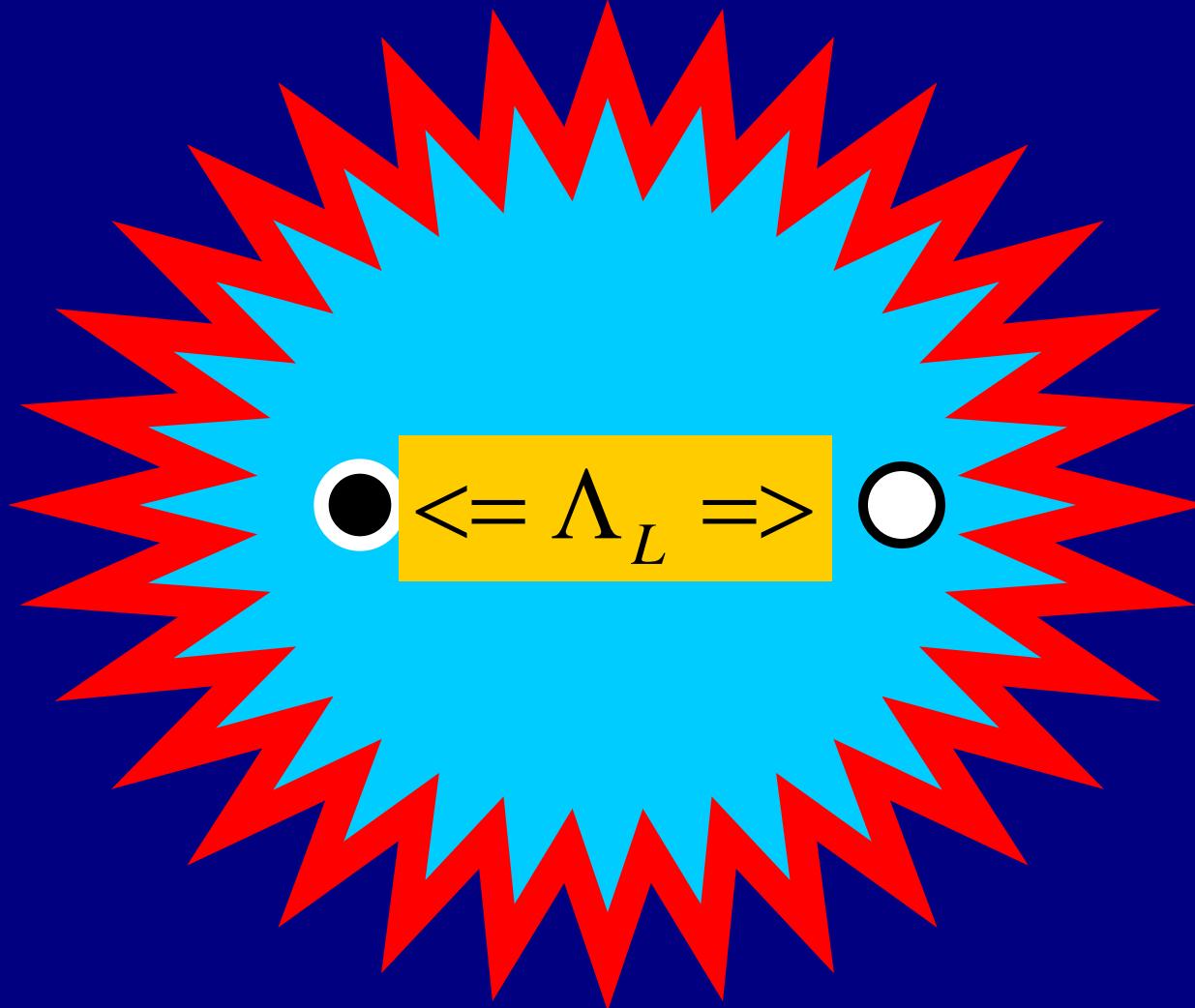
$$\Lambda_L < \Lambda_R$$

→ parity violation

*$\rho$  – meson*

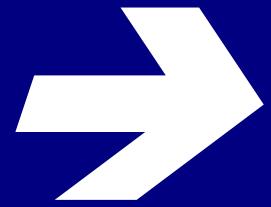


$\Lambda_c$  : *QCD – scale*



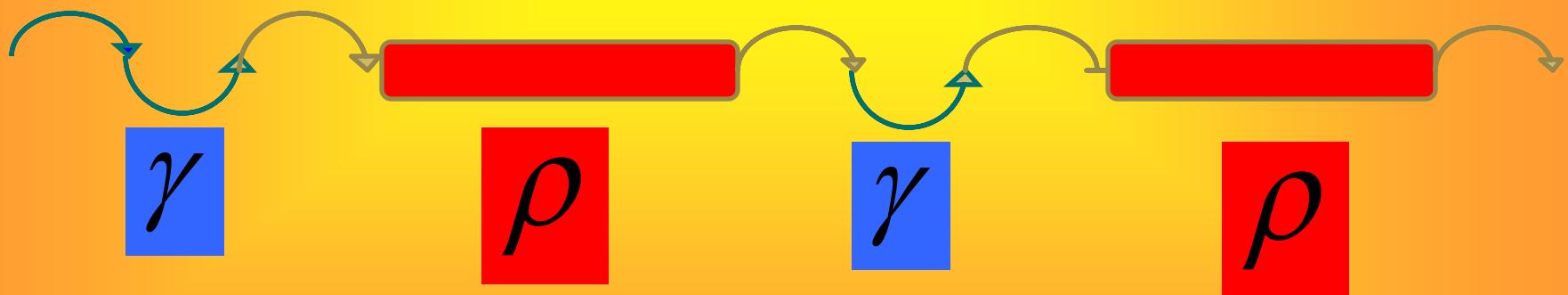
$W - boson$

Λ L ?

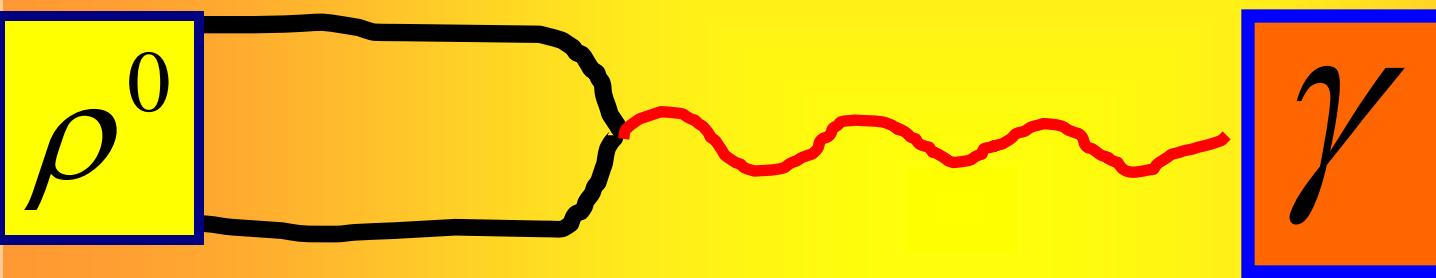


# *QCD*

## Dynamical mixing of meson and photon



# mixing with photon

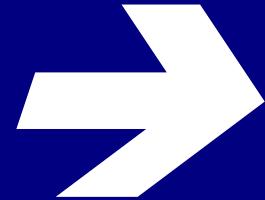


m: mixing parameter



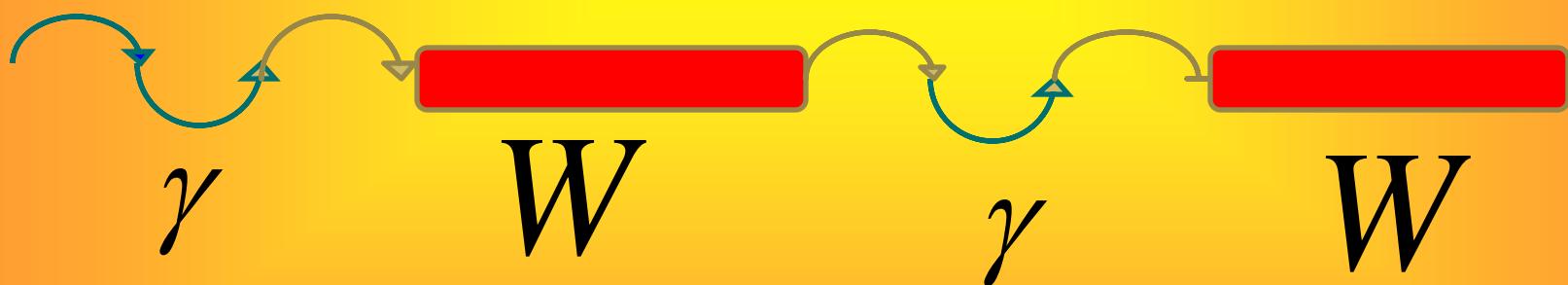
$$M_{\rho^0}^2 = \frac{M_{\rho^+}^2}{1 - m^2}$$

$$\sim 3.1 \text{ MeV}$$
$$m = 0.09$$

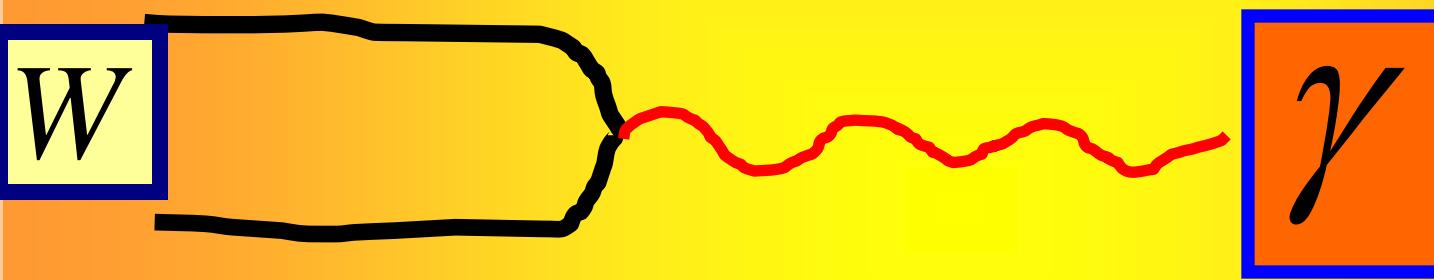


# QHD

Dynamical mixing of  
W-boson and photon



# mixing of W with photon



m: mixing parameter



$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - m^2}$$

# Standard Model

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - \sin^2 \theta_W}$$

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - m^2}$$

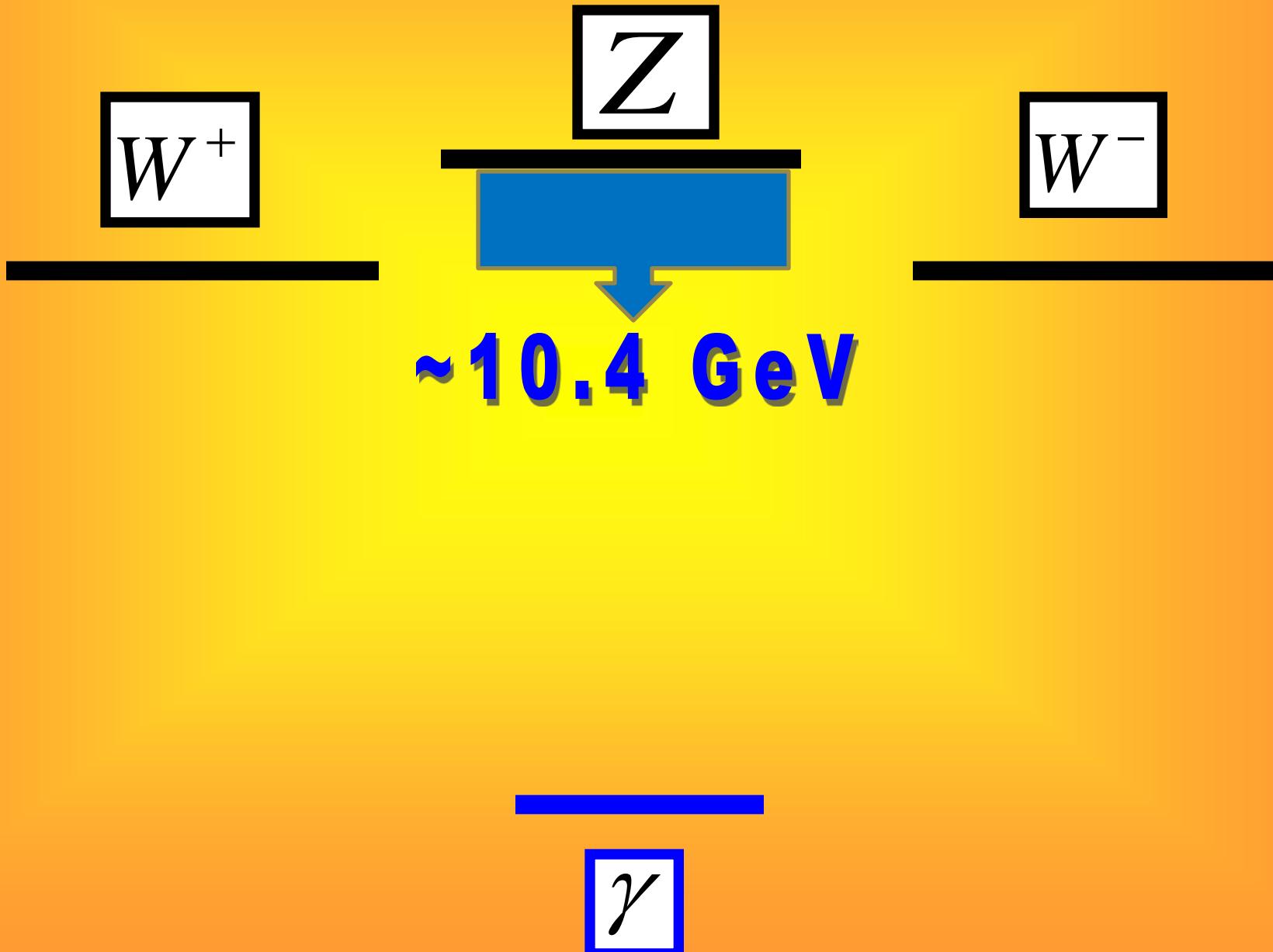
# Standard Model

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - \sin^2 \theta_w}$$

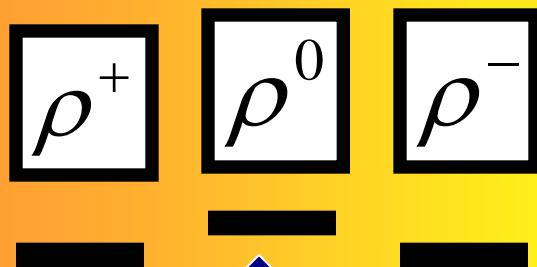


$$\sin \theta_w = m \approx 0.485$$

# Standard Model



QCD + QED



$\approx 3.1 \text{ MeV}$



QHD+ QED



# W decay constant

$$\left\langle 0 \left| \frac{1}{2} (\bar{\alpha} \gamma_{\mu L} \alpha - \bar{\beta} \gamma_{\mu L} \beta) \right| Z \right\rangle = \varepsilon_\mu M_W F_W$$

$$m = e \frac{F_W}{M_W}$$

$$m \approx 0.485$$

$$\Rightarrow F_W \approx 125 \quad GeV$$

# experimental data:

$$M_W = 80.4 \dots GeV$$

$$M_Z = 91.19 \dots GeV$$

$$F_W = 124.6 \dots GeV$$

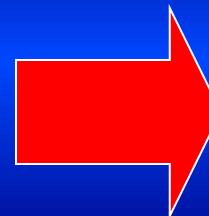
$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.2315$$

$$\alpha = \frac{e^2}{4\pi} \cong \frac{1}{128.9}$$

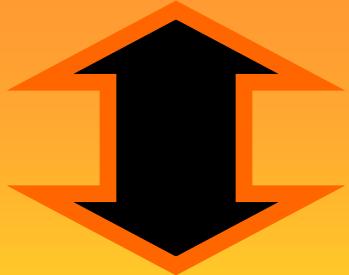
$$e \cong 0.3122$$

$$F_\rho \approx \Lambda_c \approx 220 \quad MeV$$

$$F_W \approx 0.125 \quad TeV$$



$$\Lambda_L$$

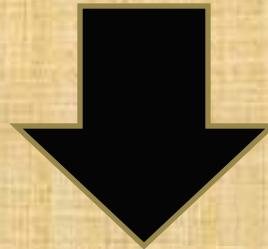


$$F_W \approx 0.130 \text{ } TeV$$

$$\Lambda_L \approx 0.13 \Leftrightarrow 1.0 \text{ } TeV$$

uncertainty:  
gauge group of  
**QHD**

$$F_W \approx 0.125 \text{ } TeV$$



$$0.12 \prec \Lambda_L \prec 1.0 \text{ } TeV$$

??? QHD gauge group ???

$$SU(n) \Rightarrow SU(3)$$



$$F_W \approx 0.13 \quad TeV$$

$$\Lambda_{h,L} \approx 0.13 \quad TeV$$

$$[0.12 \prec \Lambda_{h,L} \prec 1.0 \quad TeV$$

$$\Lambda_{h,R}\asymp 1\quad TeV$$

**NEW  
BOSONS**

New:  
isoscalar

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha - \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

Z

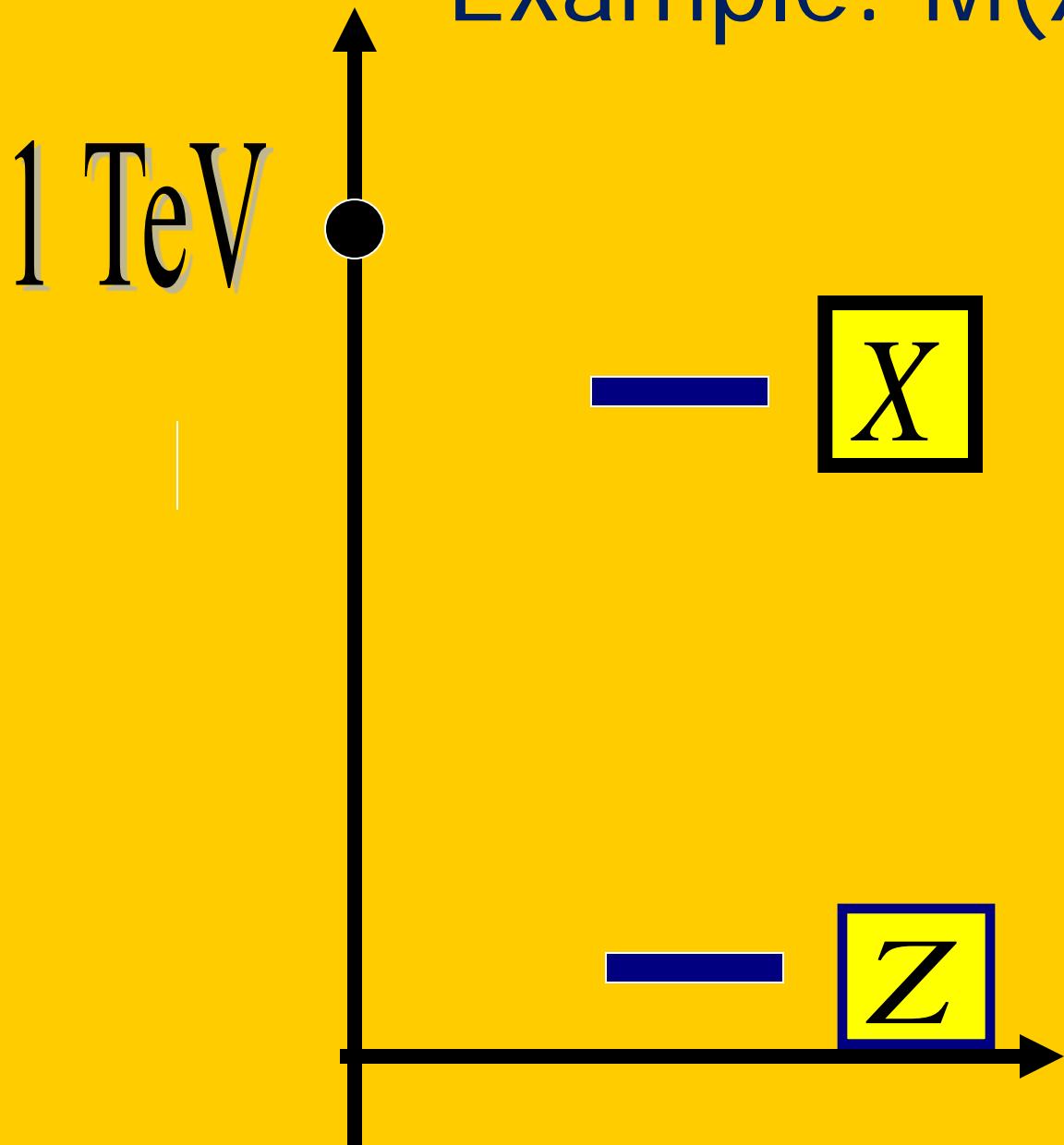
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha + \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

X

Present lower limit  
on X-mass:

~400 GeV

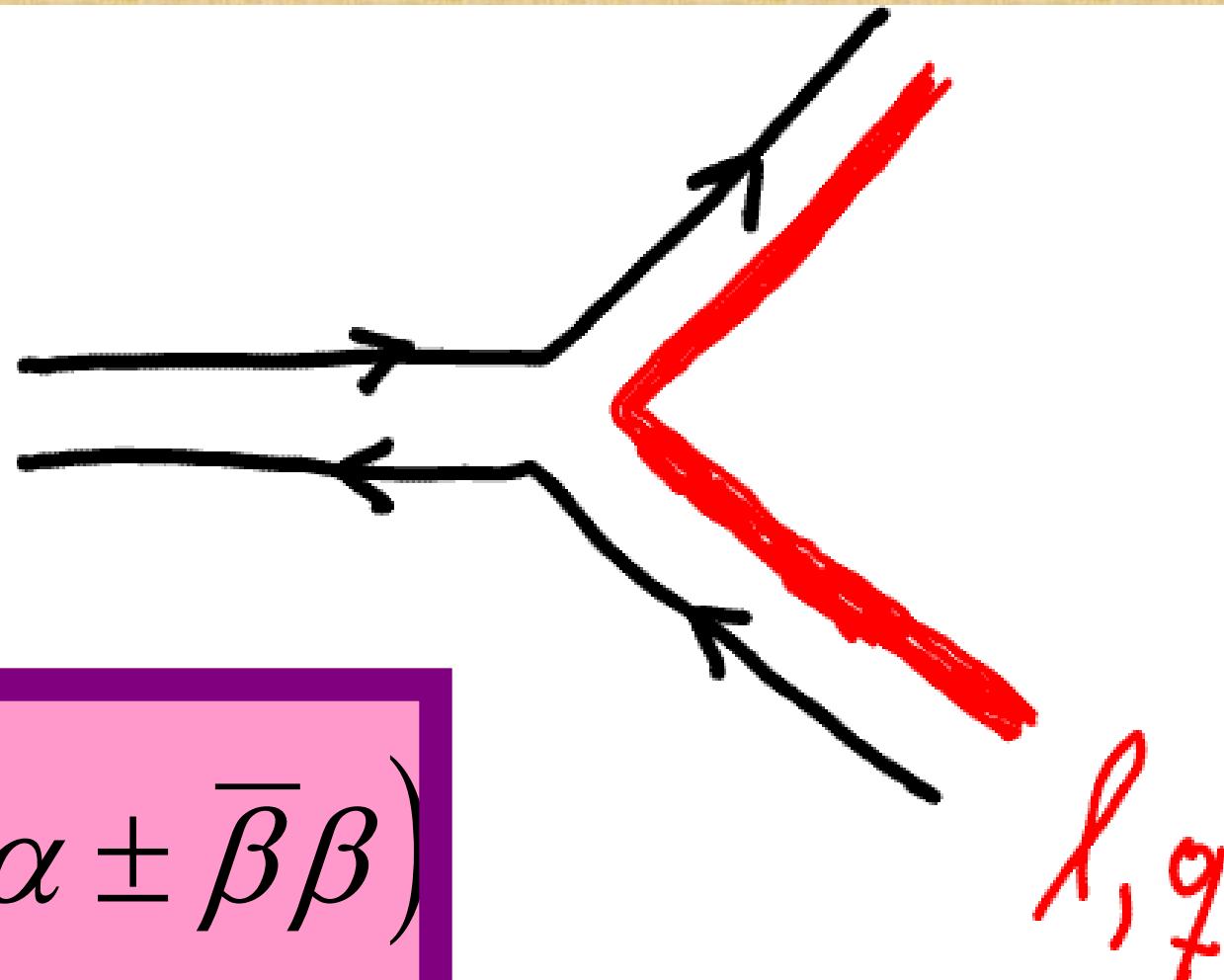
Example:  $M(X)=0.8 \text{ TeV}$



Coupling of X to  
leptons and quarks:

→ coupling of Z - boson

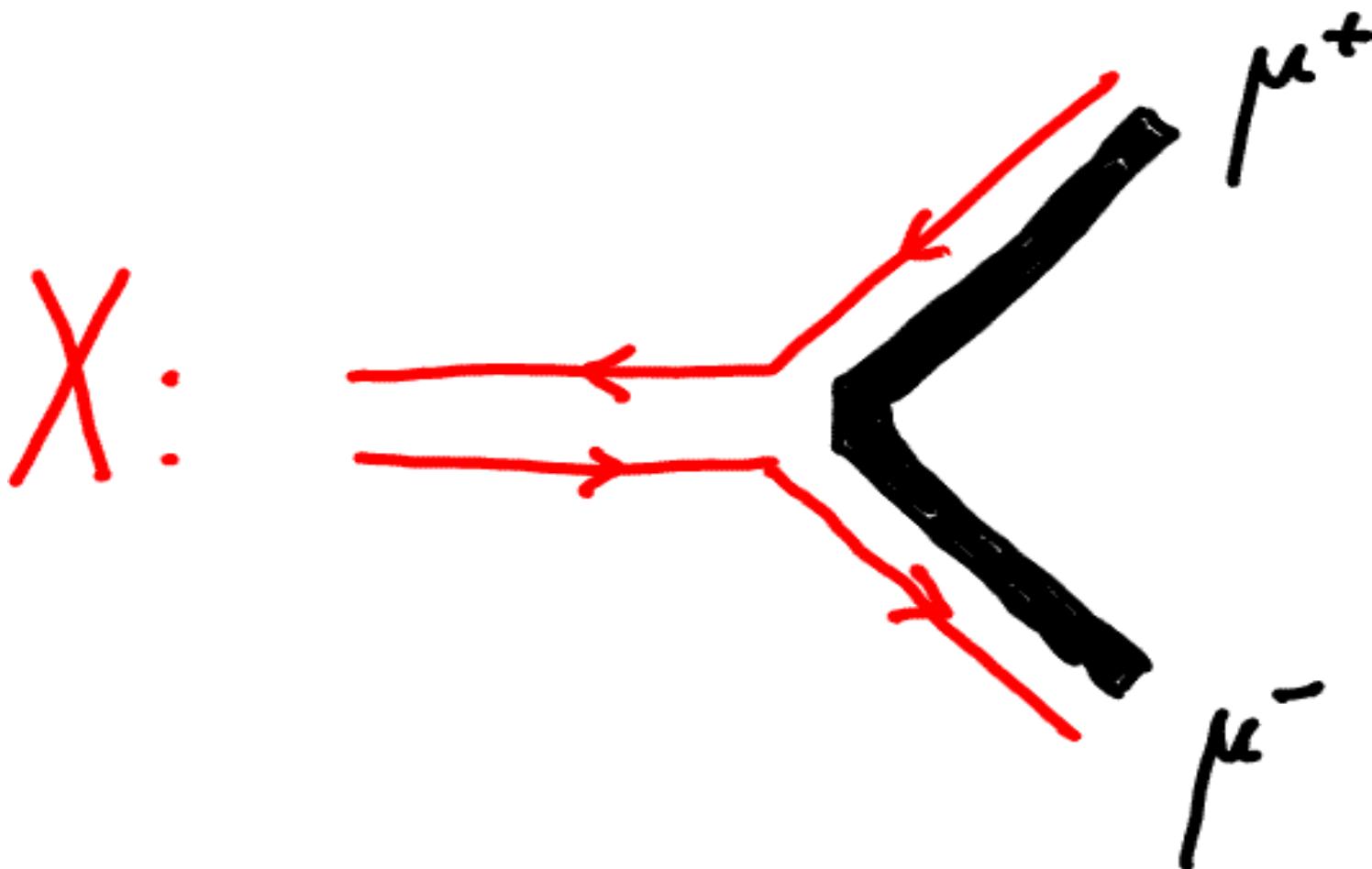
$\sum \rightarrow \times$



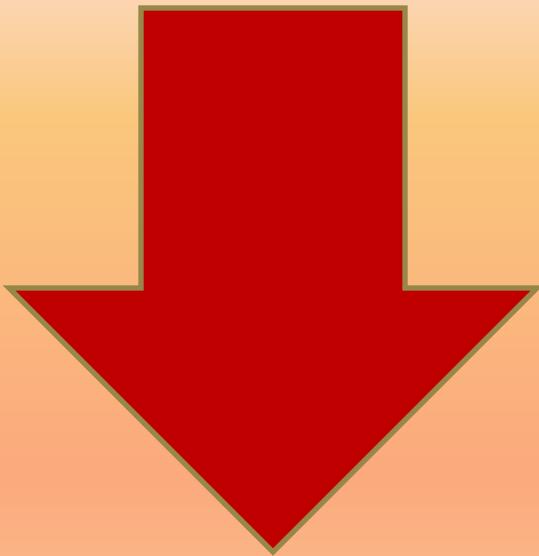
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{\alpha} \alpha \pm \bar{\beta} \beta)$$

X – decay into muons

→ Z – decay into muons:



$$\Gamma(Z \Rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \cong 84 \quad MeV$$

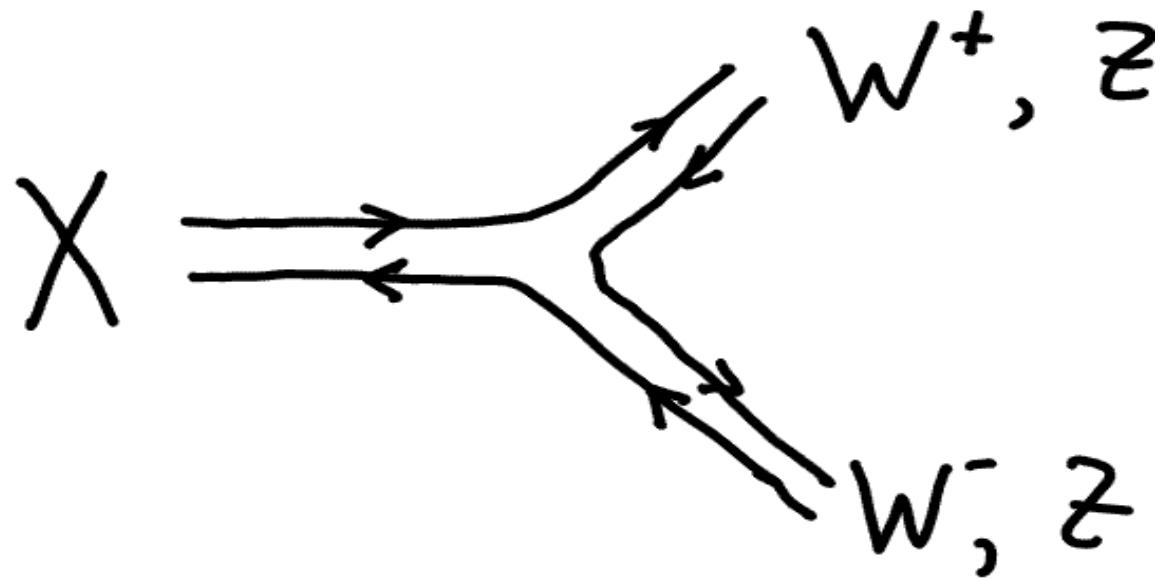


$$\Gamma(X \Rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \cong 3.6 \quad GeV$$

$X$ -decays  $\rightarrow$  leptons  
quarks

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) &\cong \Gamma(X \rightarrow e^+ e^-) \\ &\cong \Gamma(X \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e \nu_e)\end{aligned}$$

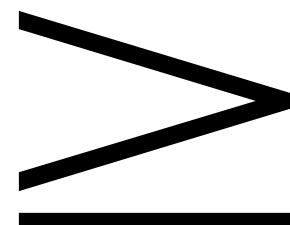
$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(X \rightarrow \bar{u}u) &\cong \Gamma(X \rightarrow \bar{d}d) \\ &\cong 3 \times \Gamma(X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)\end{aligned}$$



*Expected:*

$$\Gamma(X \rightarrow W^+ W^-)$$

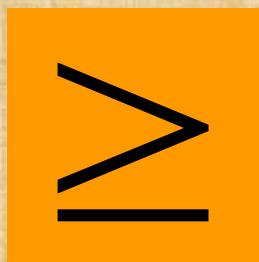
$$\Gamma(X \rightarrow Z Z)$$



$$\Gamma(X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

# Summation

Total width of X:



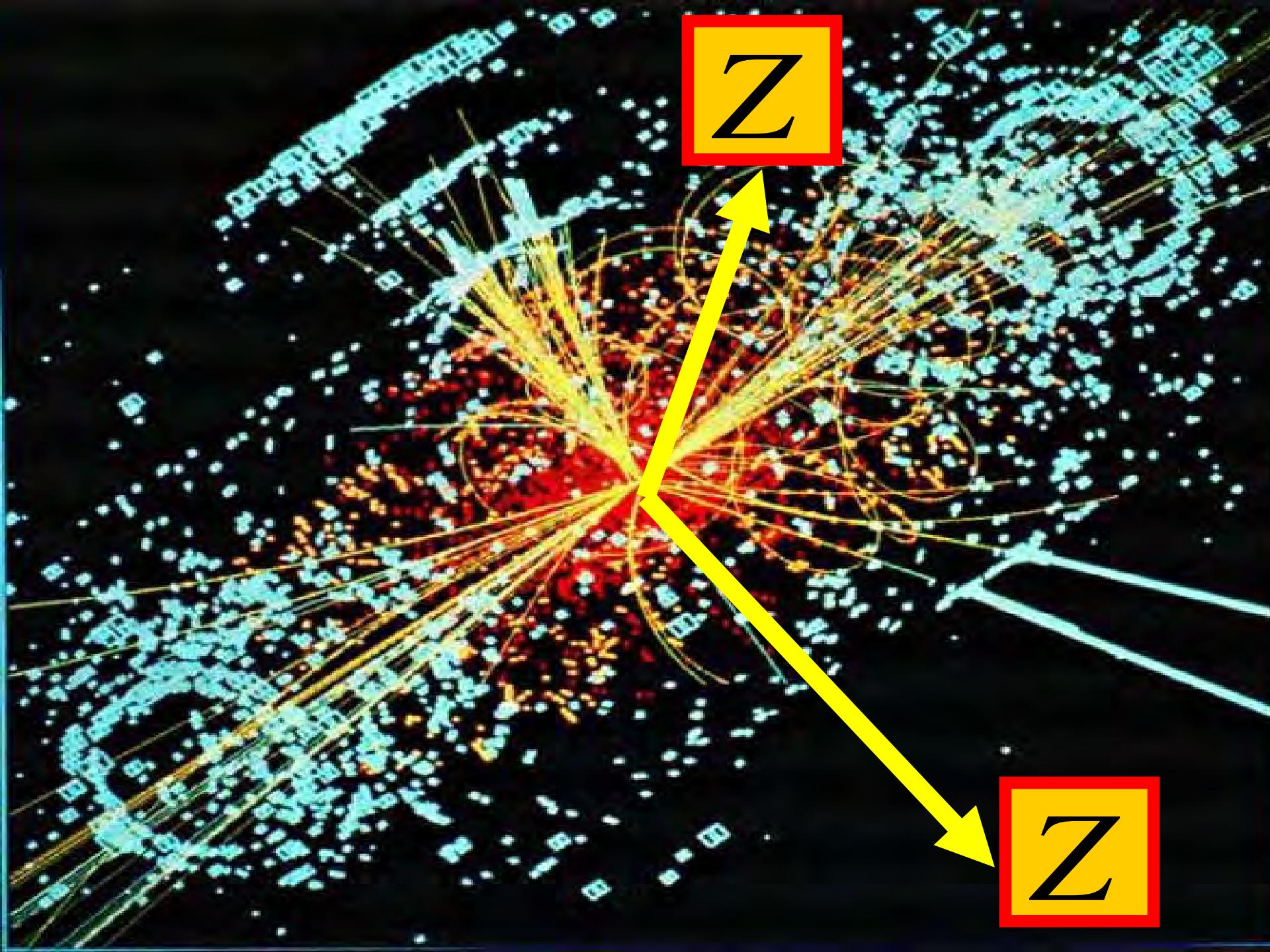
200 GeV

Total width of Z:

2.5 GeV

# Discovery of X- boson: search for decay into weak bosons

$$X \rightarrow Z + Z$$

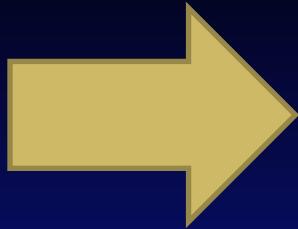


Z

Z

$$\Lambda_c \approx 0.3...GeV$$

complexities  
of  
strong interactions  
 $\sim 1$  GeV



$$\begin{aligned}\Lambda_h &\propto 0.3 - TeV \\ &= 1000 \cdot \Lambda_c\end{aligned}$$

complexities  
of  
QHD interactions  
 $\sim 1$  TeV

# EXCITED WEAK BOSONS

$I(J)$

$I : SU(2)$

$J$  : *angular momentum*

# p-wave bosons

## three SU(2) singlets

$$S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{\alpha} \alpha + \bar{\beta} \beta)$$

$$S(0) = 0 (0)$$

$$S(1) = 0 (1)$$

$$S(2) = 0 (2)$$

# p-wave bosons

three SU(2) triplets

$$T^+ = \bar{\beta}\alpha \quad T^- = \bar{\alpha}\beta \quad T^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha - \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

$$T(0) = 1 (0)$$

$$T(1) = 1 (1)$$

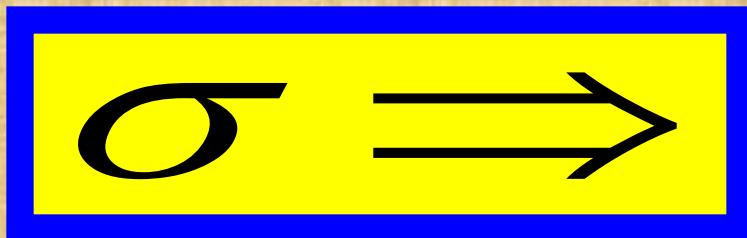
$$T(2) = 1 (2)$$

# p-wave mesons ( QCD )

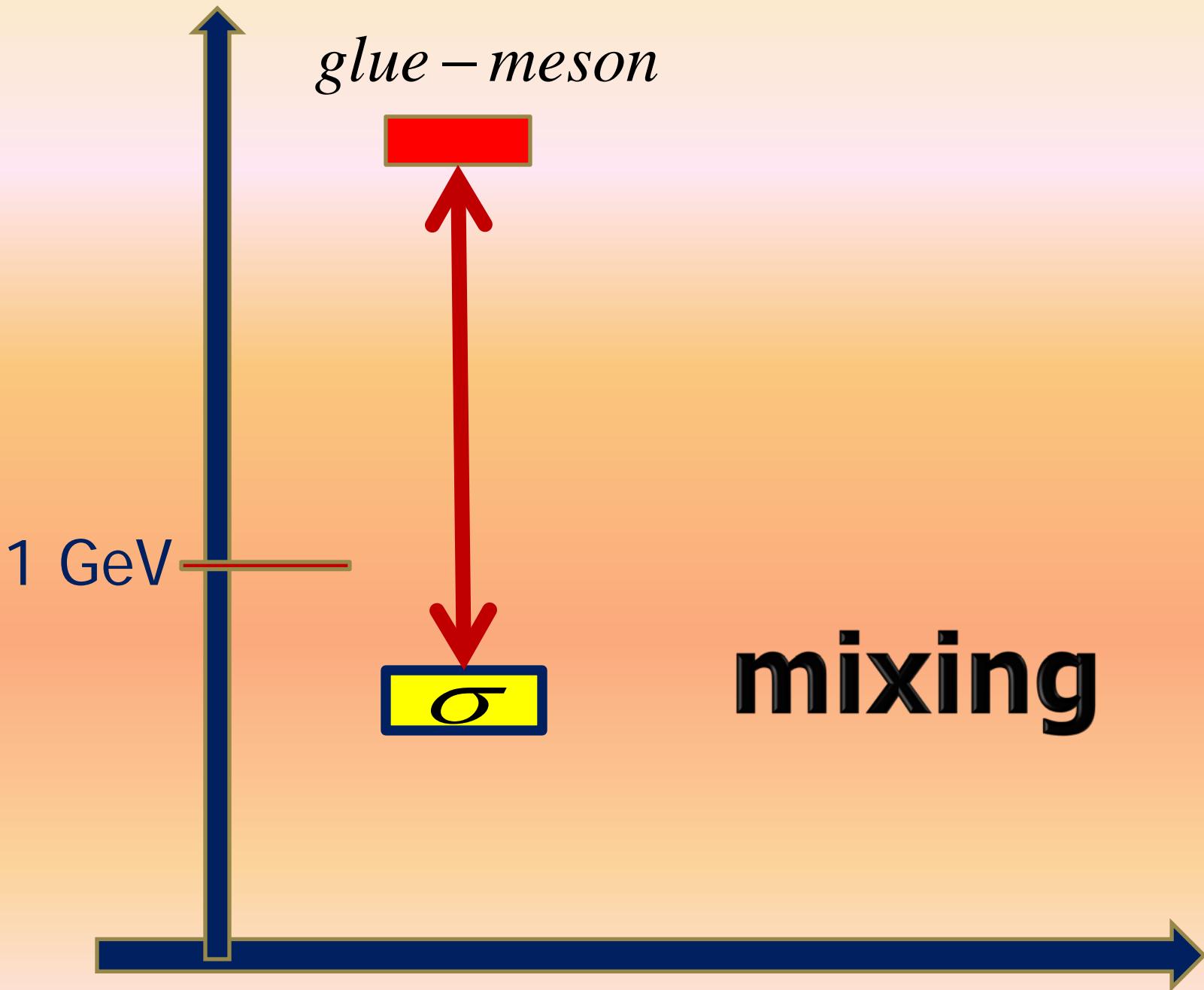
*scalar* :  $\sigma(\sim 700)$

*vector* :  $h_1(1170)$

*tensor* :  $f_2(1270)$



strong mixing  
with  
glue mesons  
 $\Rightarrow$  low mass

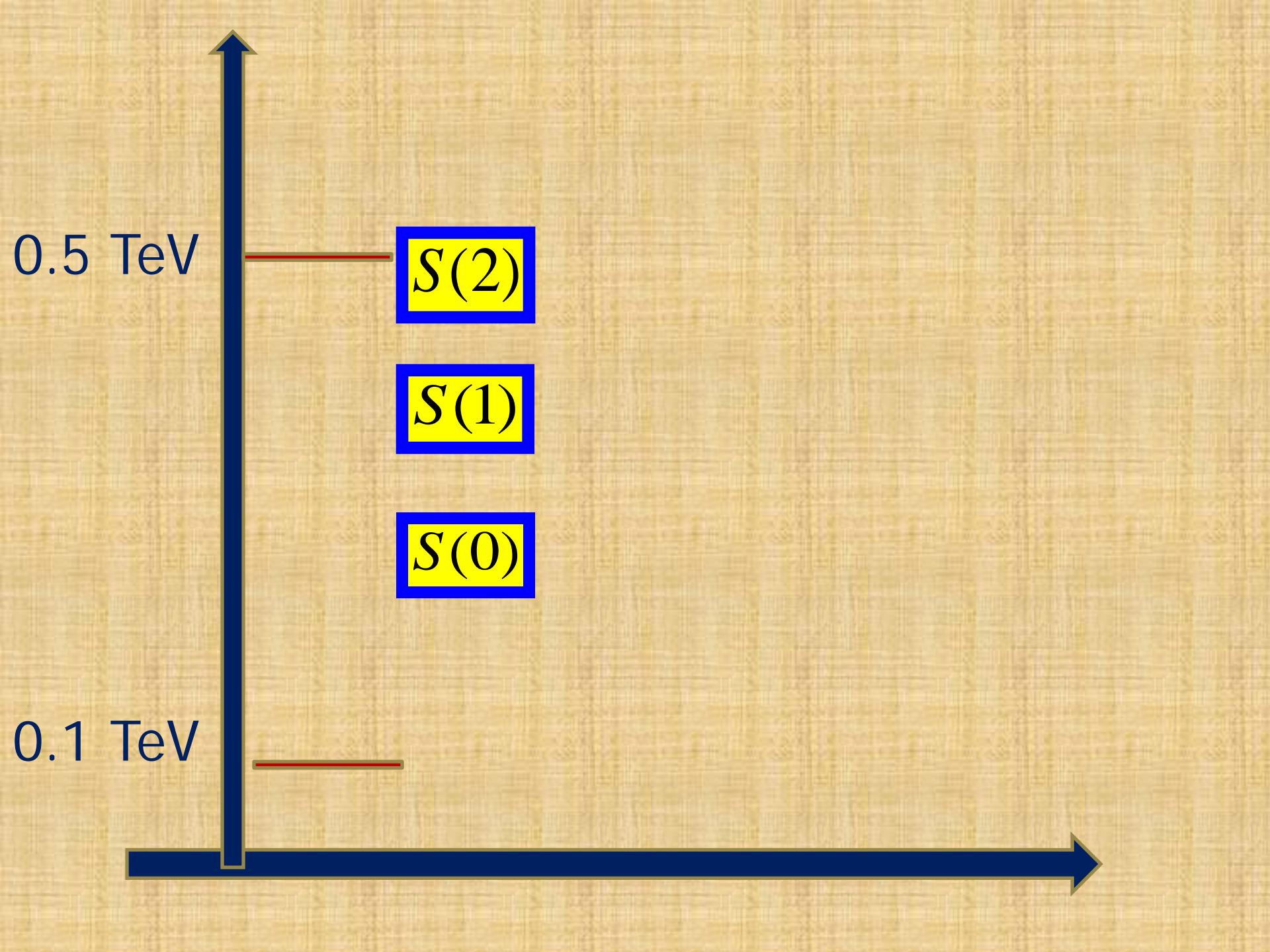


# analogy

$$\sigma(\sim 700) \quad \Rightarrow \quad S(0)$$

$$h_1(1170) \quad \Rightarrow \quad S(1)$$

$$f_2(1270) \quad \Rightarrow \quad S(2)$$



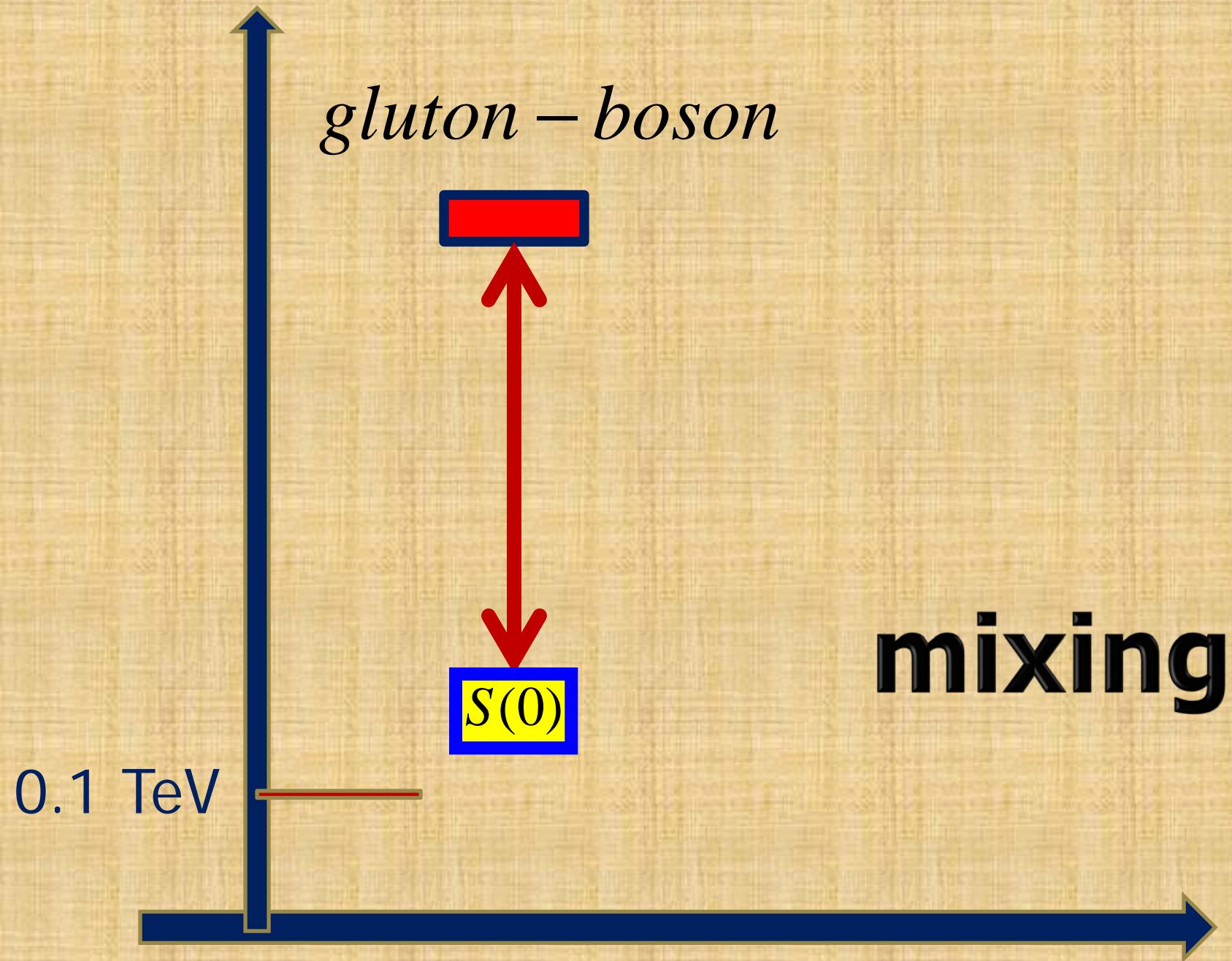
**s(0)**

**strong mixing**

**with**

**gluton bosons**

**=> low mass**

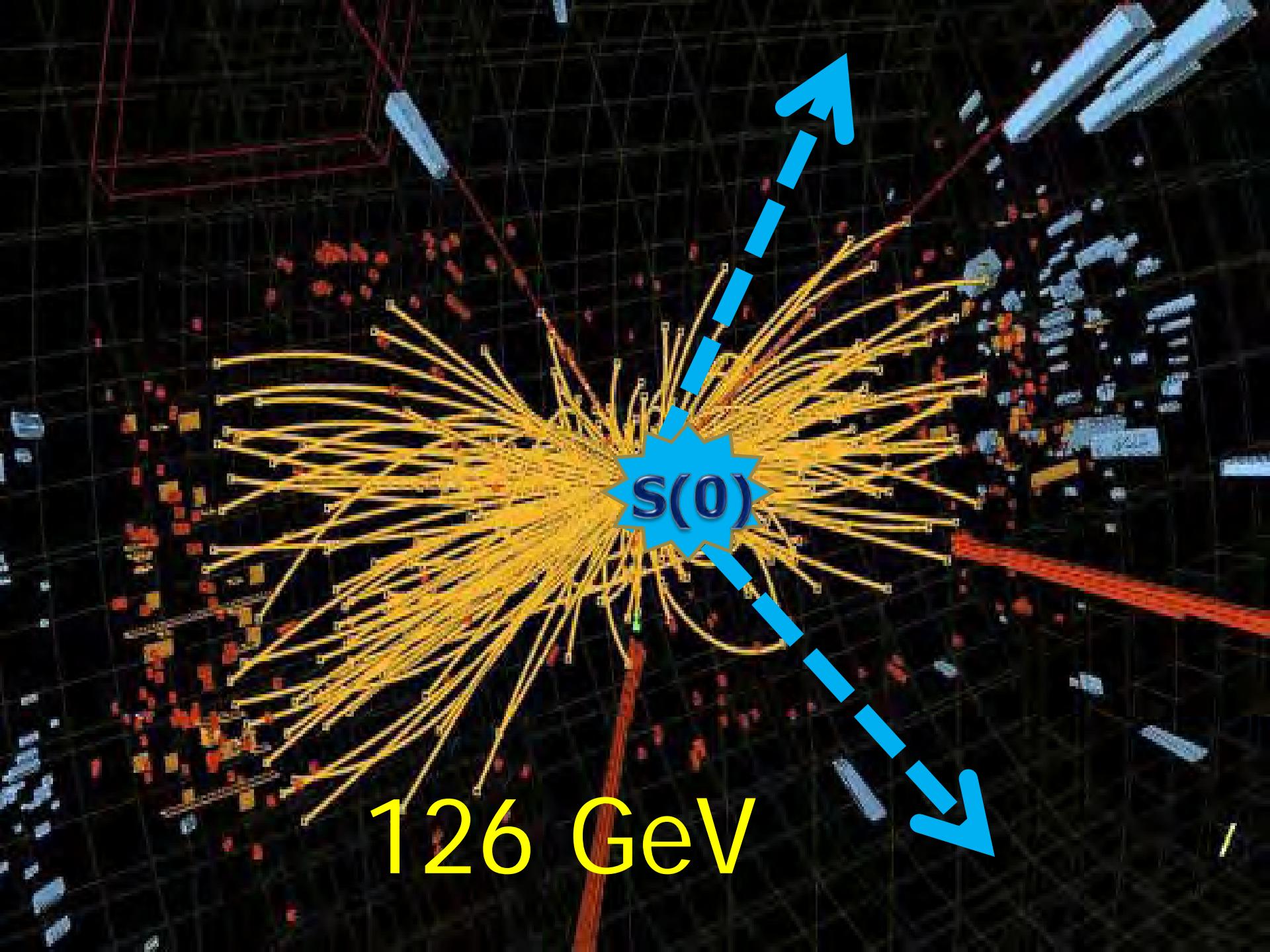


**s(0)**



**LHC**

**? 126 GeV ?**



$S(0)$

126 GeV

# isospin triplets in QCD

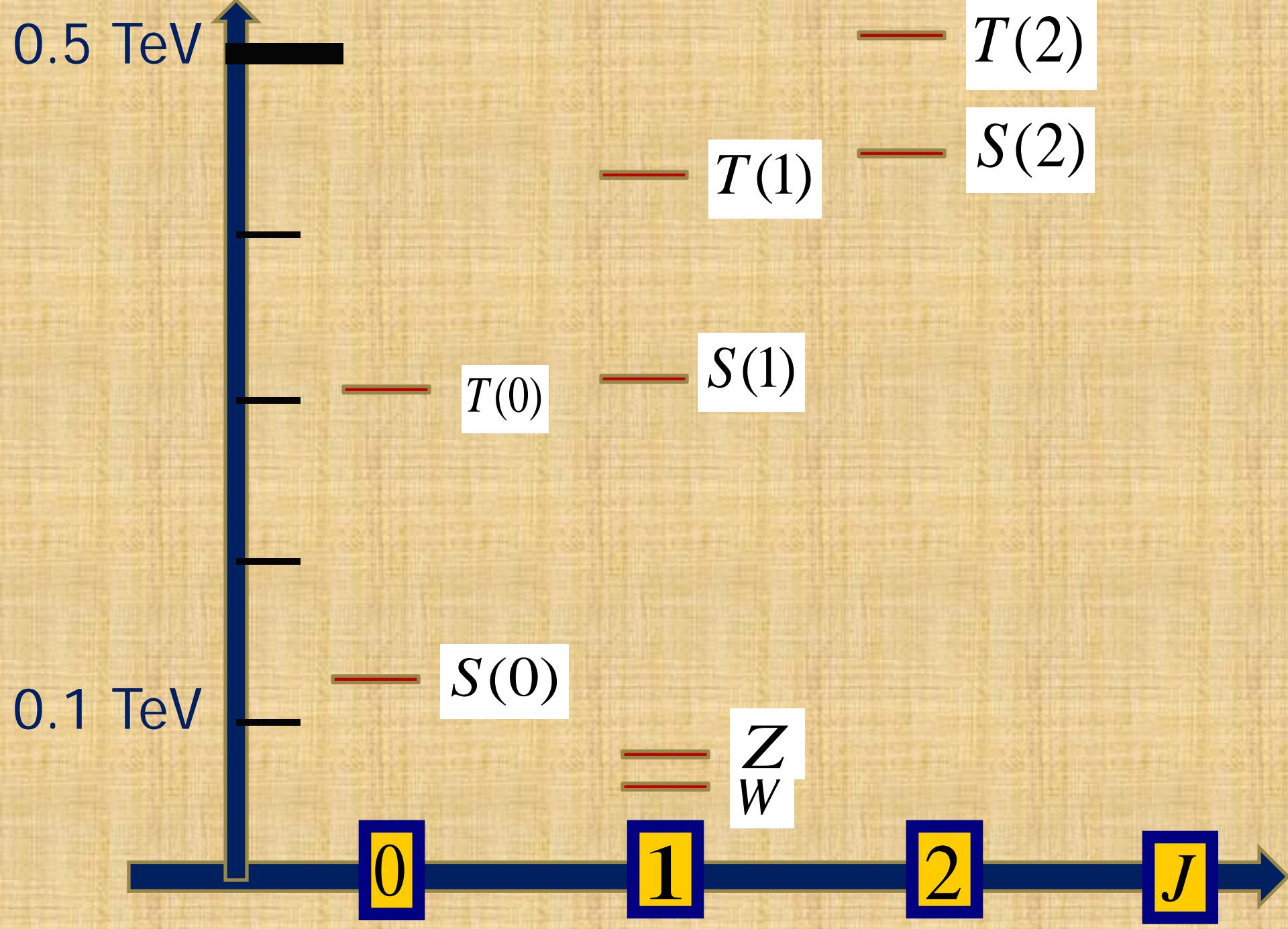
- |                 |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| <i>scalar :</i> | $a_0(980)$  |
| <i>vector :</i> | $b_1(1235)$ |
| <i>tensor :</i> | $f_2(1270)$ |

# analogy

$$a_0(980) \Rightarrow T(0)$$

$$b_1(1235) \Rightarrow T(1)$$

$$f_2(1270) \Rightarrow T(2)$$



$$W^3 \Rightarrow 0.77..Z + 0.23..\gamma$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow W^+ + W^- \quad 100\%$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow Z + Z \quad 59\%$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow Z + \gamma \quad 36\%$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow \gamma + \gamma \quad 5\%$$

# $S(0)^-$ **decays**

$$S(0) \Rightarrow "W^+" + W^-$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow W^+ + "W^-"$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow "Z" + Z$$

"Z"  $\Rightarrow$  *virtual Z*

$$S(0) \Rightarrow W^+ + W^-$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow W^- + W^+$$

$$S(0) \Rightarrow W^3 + W^3$$

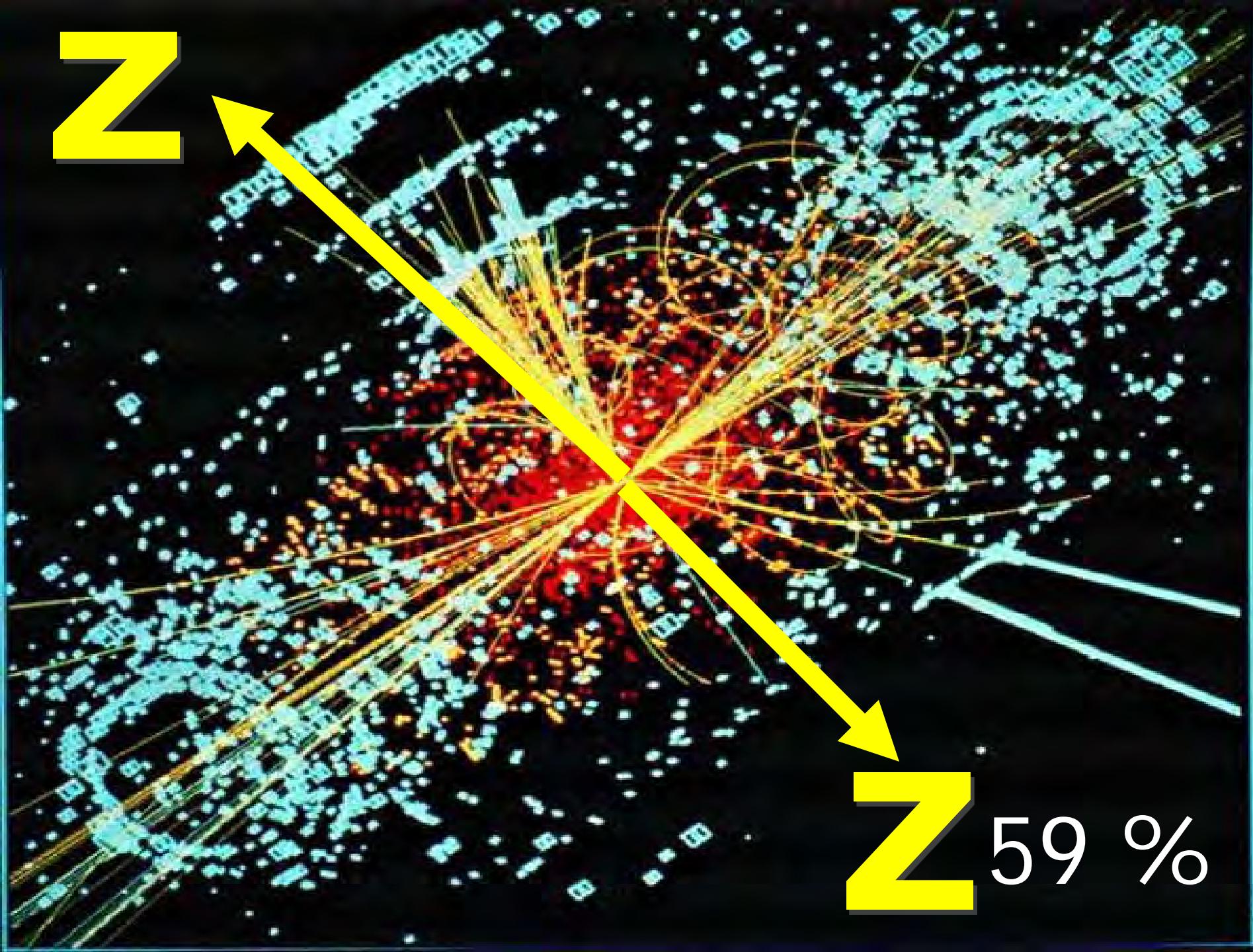
$$W^3 = \cos \theta_w Z + \sin \theta_w \gamma$$

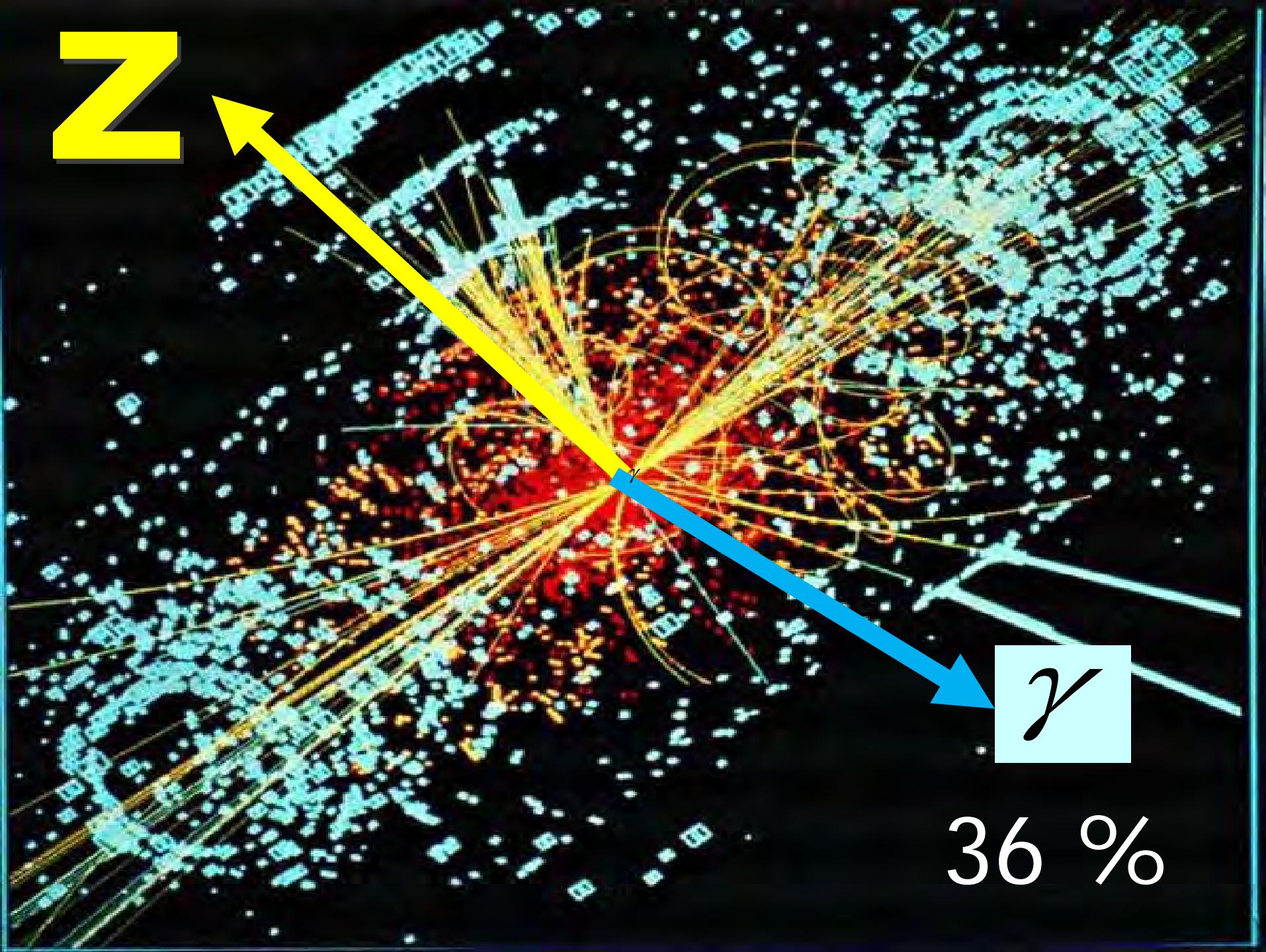
**W**



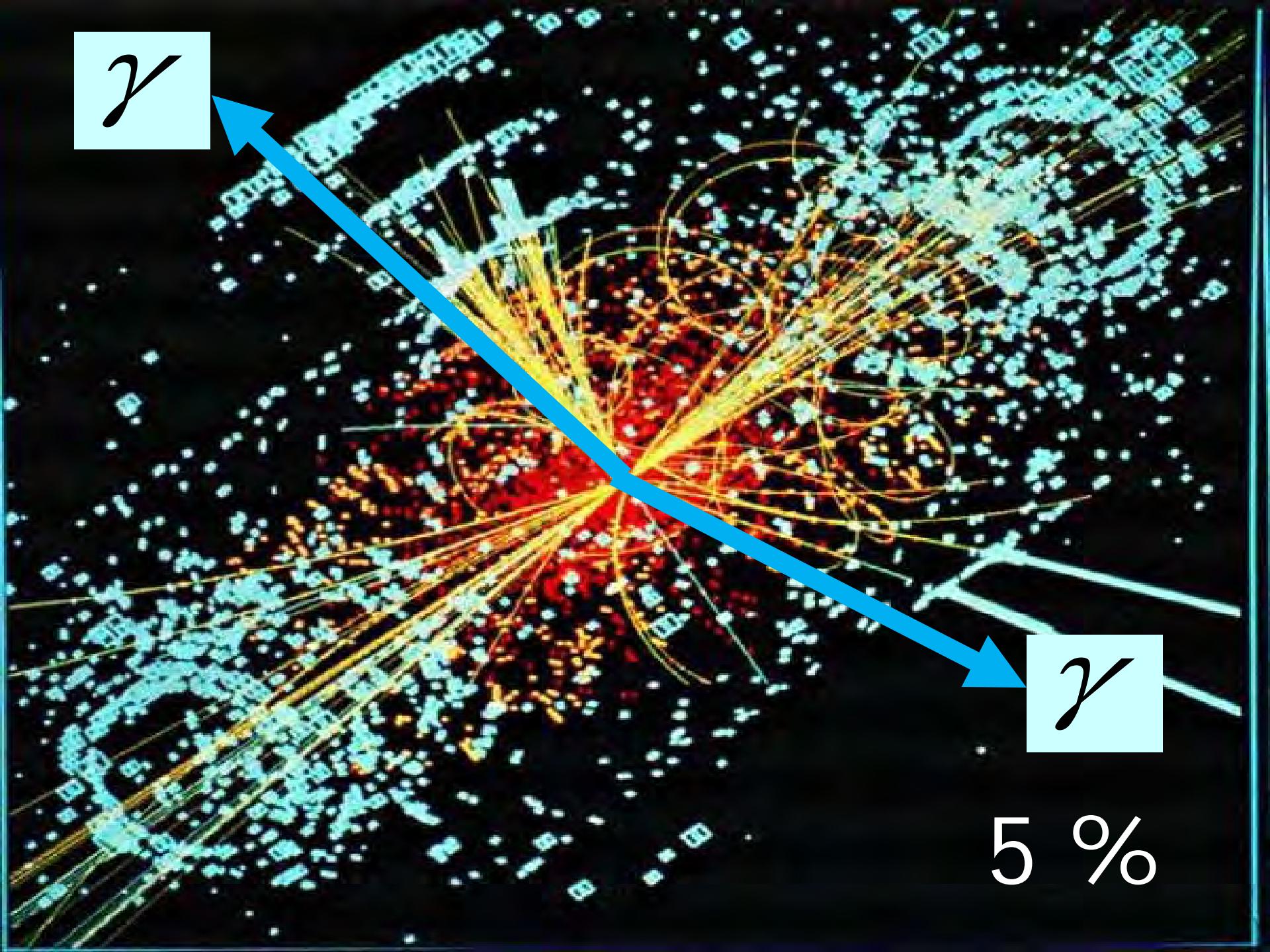
100 %

**W**





36 %

 $\gamma$  $\gamma$ 

5 %

# Experiment

$$\frac{S(0) \Rightarrow \gamma + \gamma}{S(0) \Rightarrow W^+ + W^-} \approx 0.04 \pm 0.015$$

Expected <

S(0): 0.05

# „Higgs“ -boson

$$\frac{H \Rightarrow \gamma + \gamma}{H \Rightarrow W^+ + W^-} \approx 0.015$$

126 GeV  
„Higgs“ boson

decay into leptons

electrons : muon : tauons  
0.00002 : 1 : 286

126 GeV  
S(0)

electrons : muon : tauons

1 : 1 : 1

# decays of S(1)

M = 320 GeV

$$S(1) \Rightarrow W^+ + W^-$$

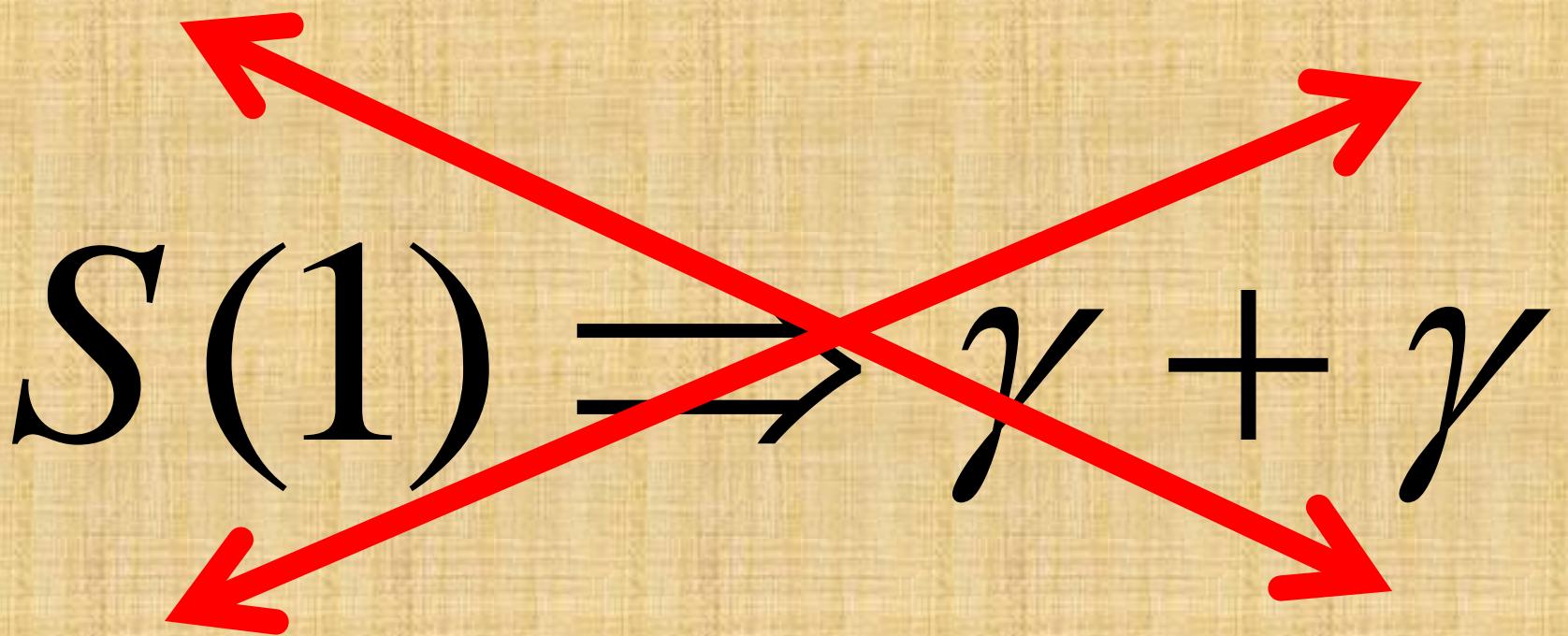
$$S(1) \Rightarrow Z + Z$$

$$S(1) \Rightarrow Z + Z + \gamma$$

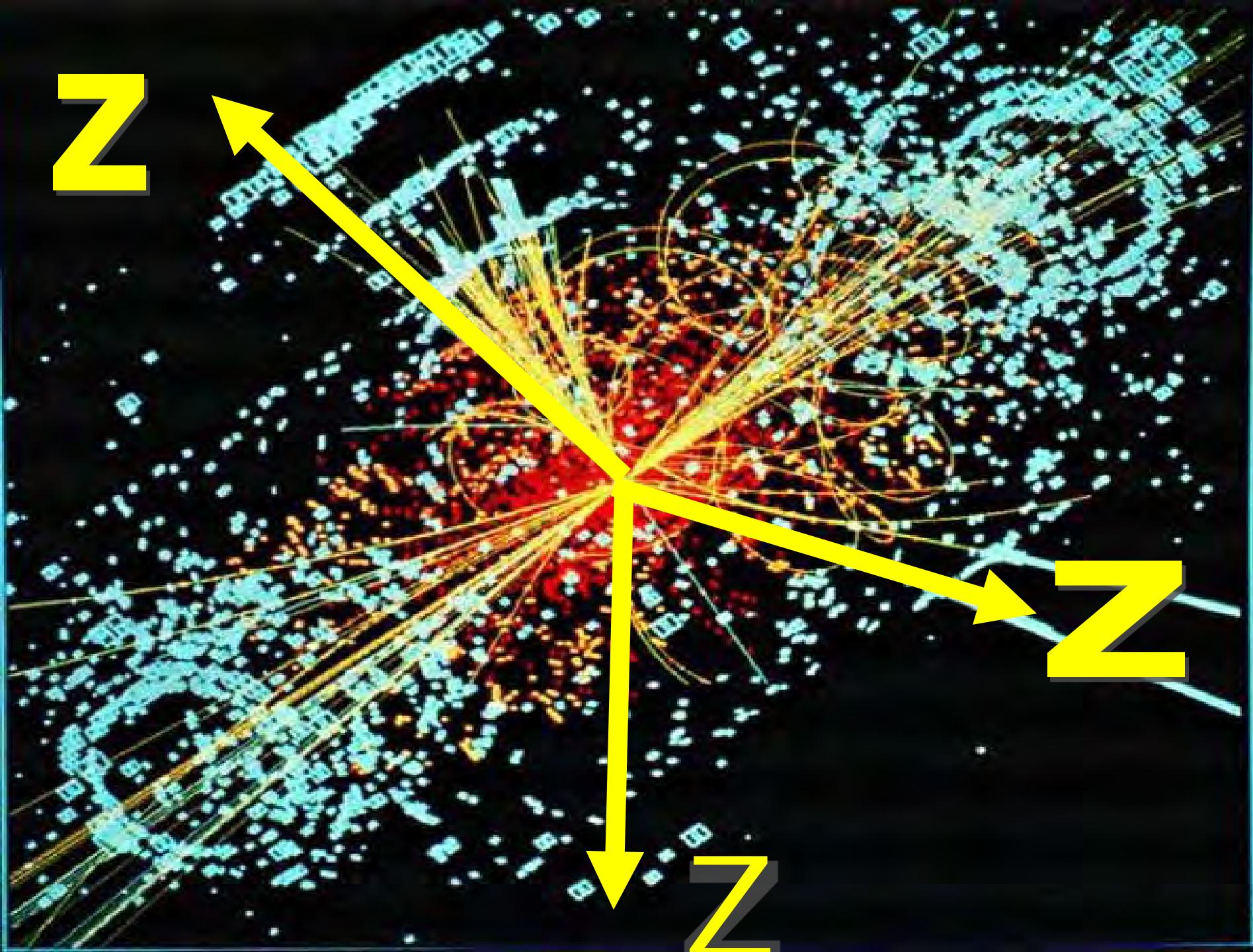
$$S(1) \Rightarrow Z + Z + Z$$

$$S(1) \Rightarrow Z + \gamma + \gamma$$

$$S(1) \Rightarrow \gamma + \gamma + \gamma$$



**Landau-Yang-Theorem**



three  
lepton-quark  
families

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e & u & u & u \\ e^- & d & d & d \\ \nu_\mu & c & c & c \\ \mu^- & s & s & s \\ \nu_\tau & t & t & t \\ \tau^- & b & b & b \end{pmatrix}$$

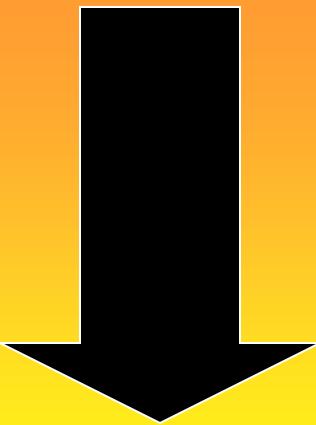
24

? fundamental ?

fermions

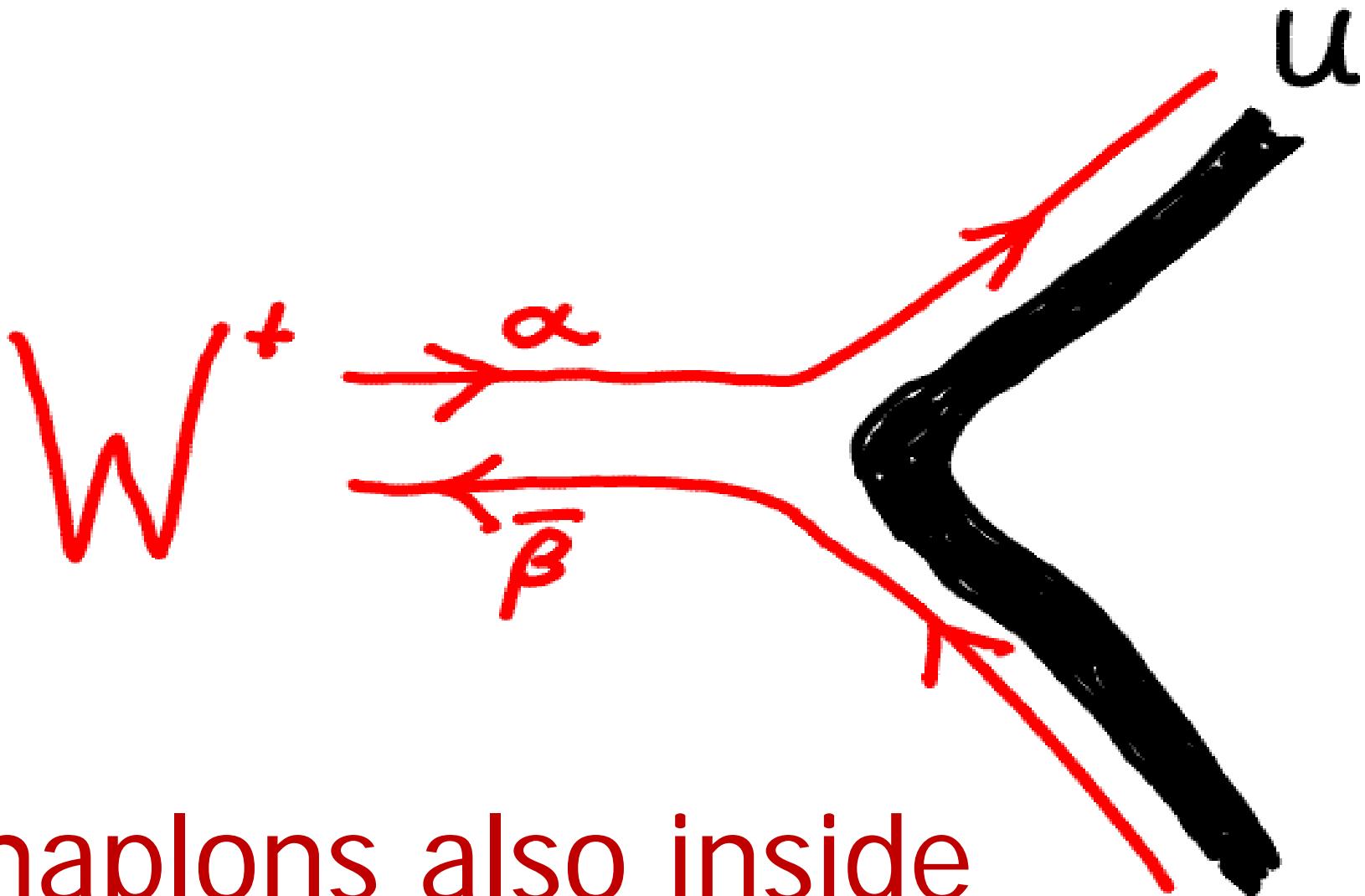
? 12 masses ?

? 10 mixing parameter ?



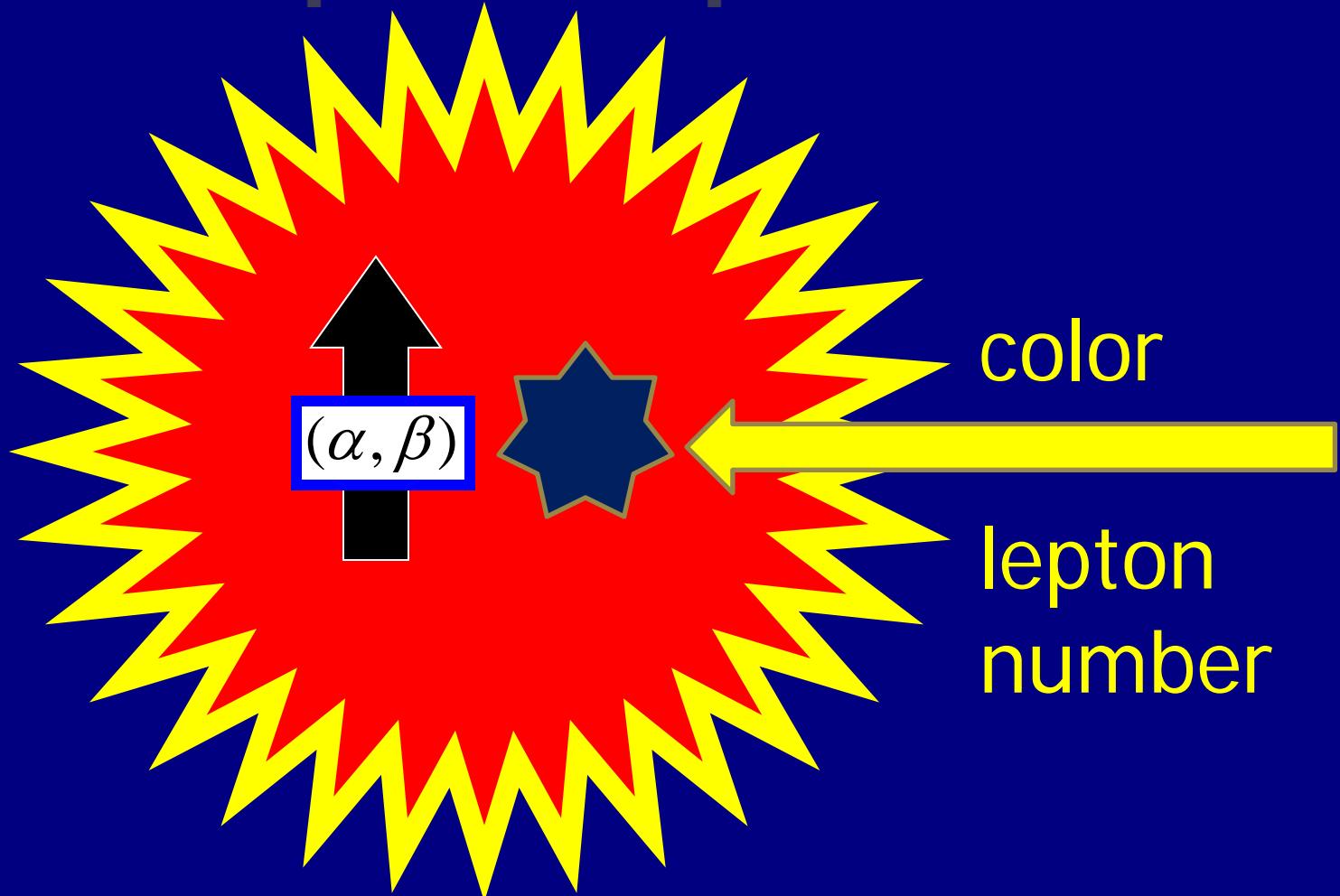
***leptons and quarks***

**→ composite**



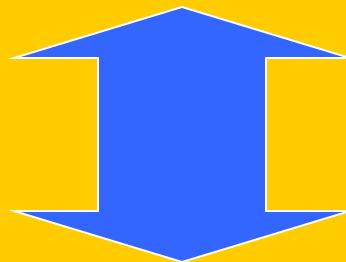
haplons also inside  
leptons and quarks

# leptons + quarks



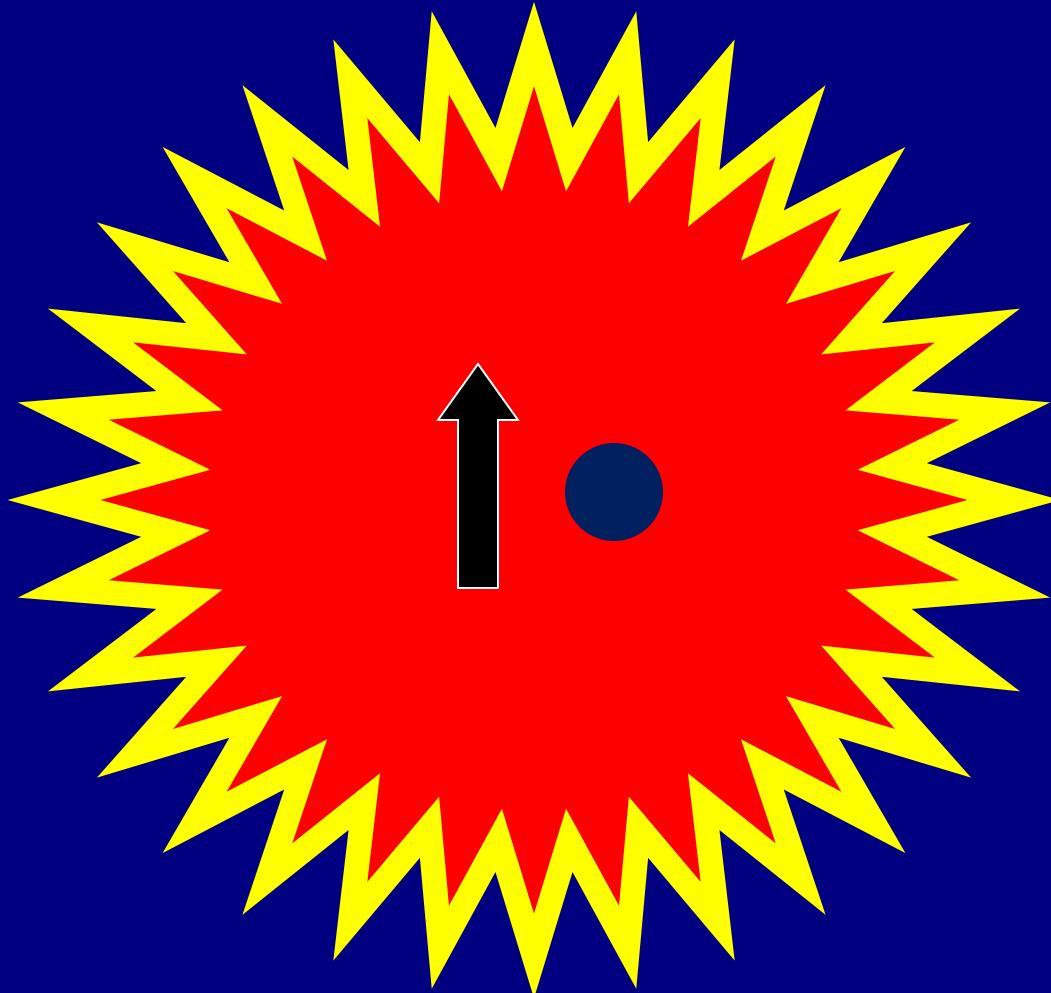
**simplest theory:**

**leptons - quarks**



**(fermion + scalar)**

leptons • quarks

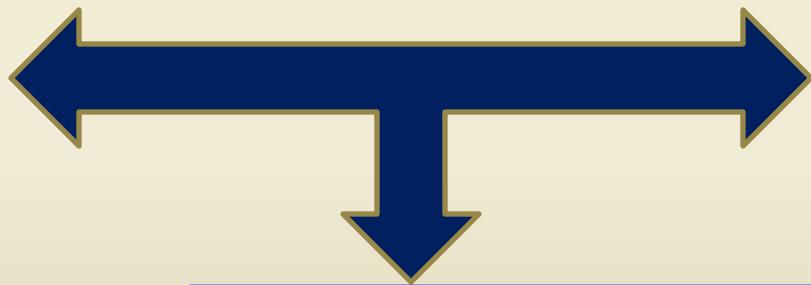


# lepton-quark-family

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu & U_r & U_g & U_b \\ L & D_r & D_g & D_b \end{pmatrix} \left\{ SU(2) \right.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu & U_r & U_g & U_b \\ L & D_r & D_g & D_b \end{pmatrix}$$

$\{SU(2)$

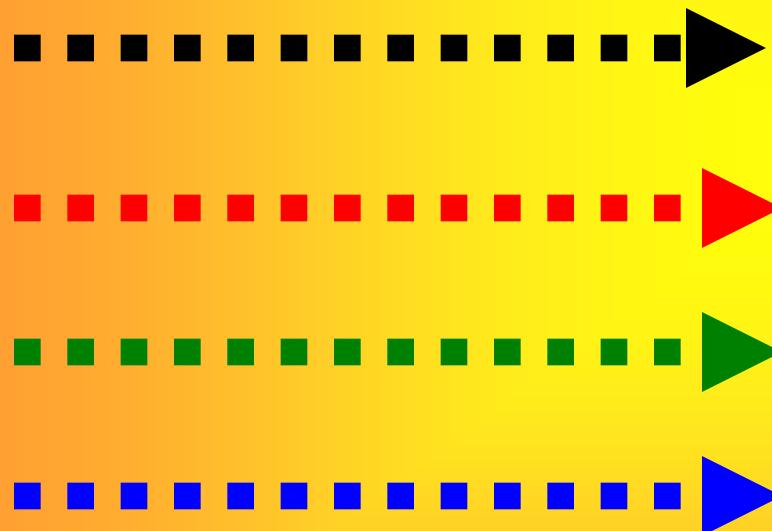


$SU(4) \Rightarrow U(1) \otimes SU(3)_c$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

2 fermions



$\left\{ \text{SU}(4) \right.$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

2 fermions



$$\begin{bmatrix} l \\ r \\ g \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

4 scalars

# 4 scalars

---

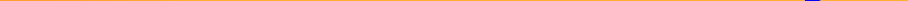


**inside leptons**

---



**inside quarks**



# electric charges

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 \\ -1/2 \end{pmatrix} \bullet e$$

$$r: +\frac{1}{6}$$

$$l: -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$g: +\frac{1}{6}$$

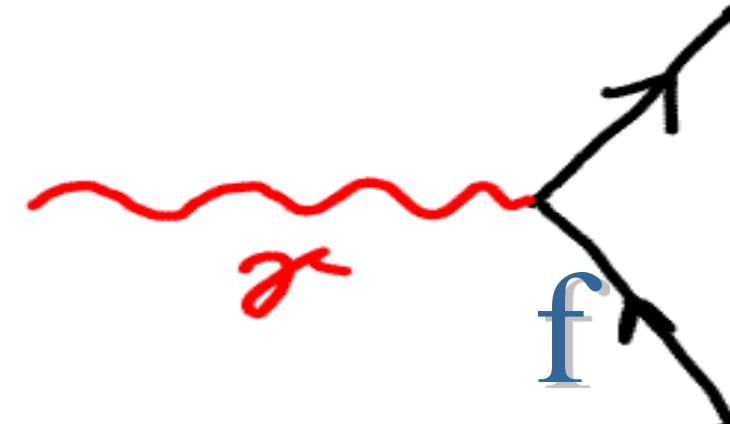
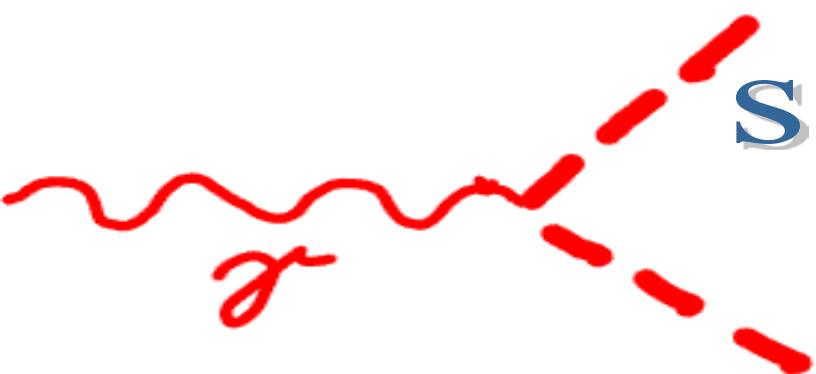
$$b: +\frac{1}{6}$$

charges  
quantized !

# interactions

gluton

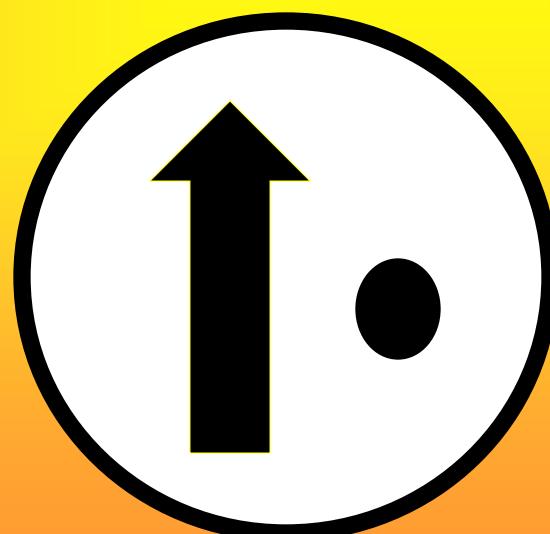
f

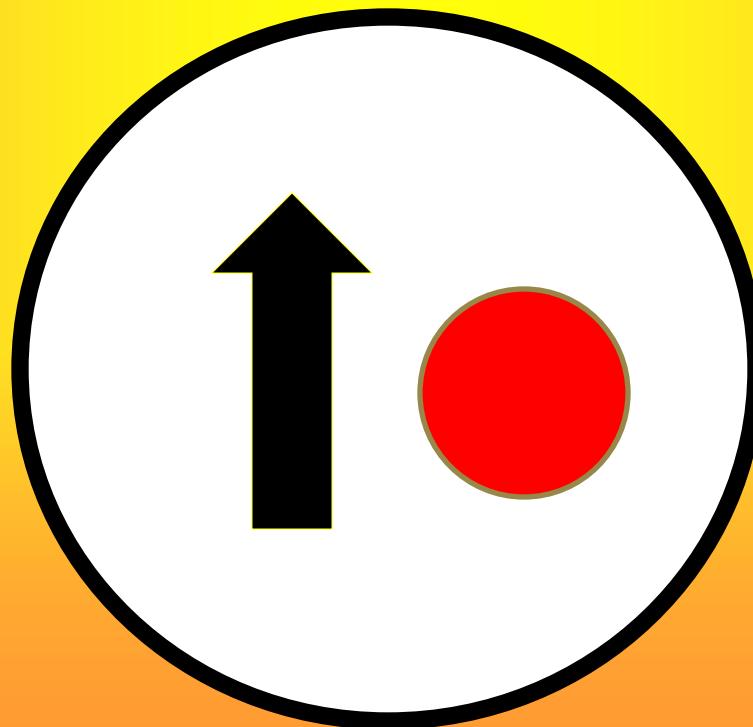


# leptons

( $\alpha l$ ):  $\nu_e - \nu_\mu - \nu_\tau$

( $\beta l$ ):  $e - \mu - \tau$

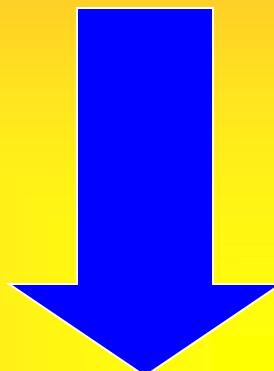


$(\alpha r) : u_r, c_r, t_r$  $(\beta r) : d_r, s_r, b_r$ 

**red  
quarks**



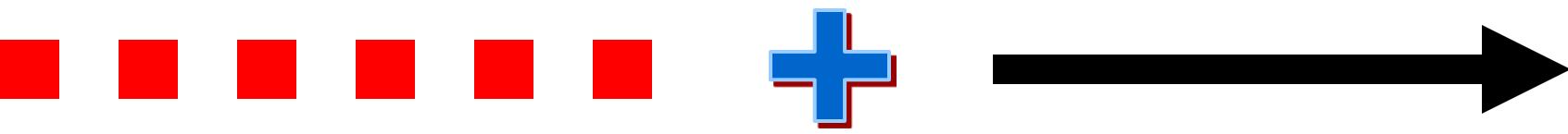
scalar



fermion

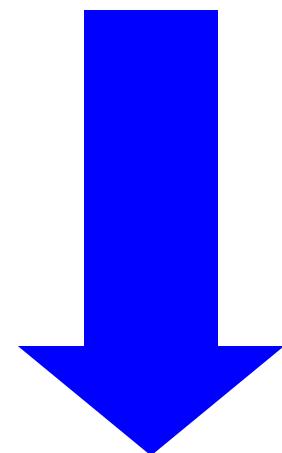


electron



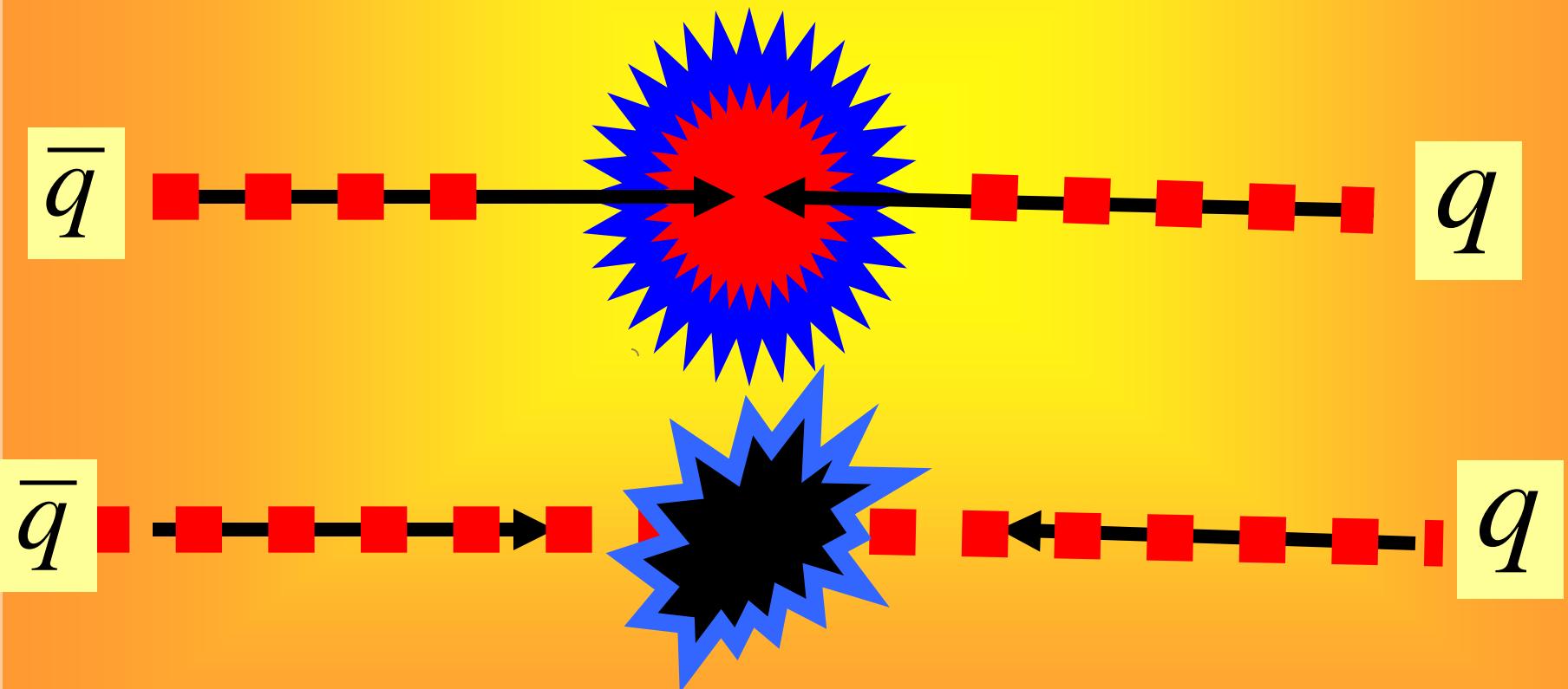
scalar

fermion



**red quark**

# quark – antiquark scattering:



$q$  $W$  $\bar{q}$ 

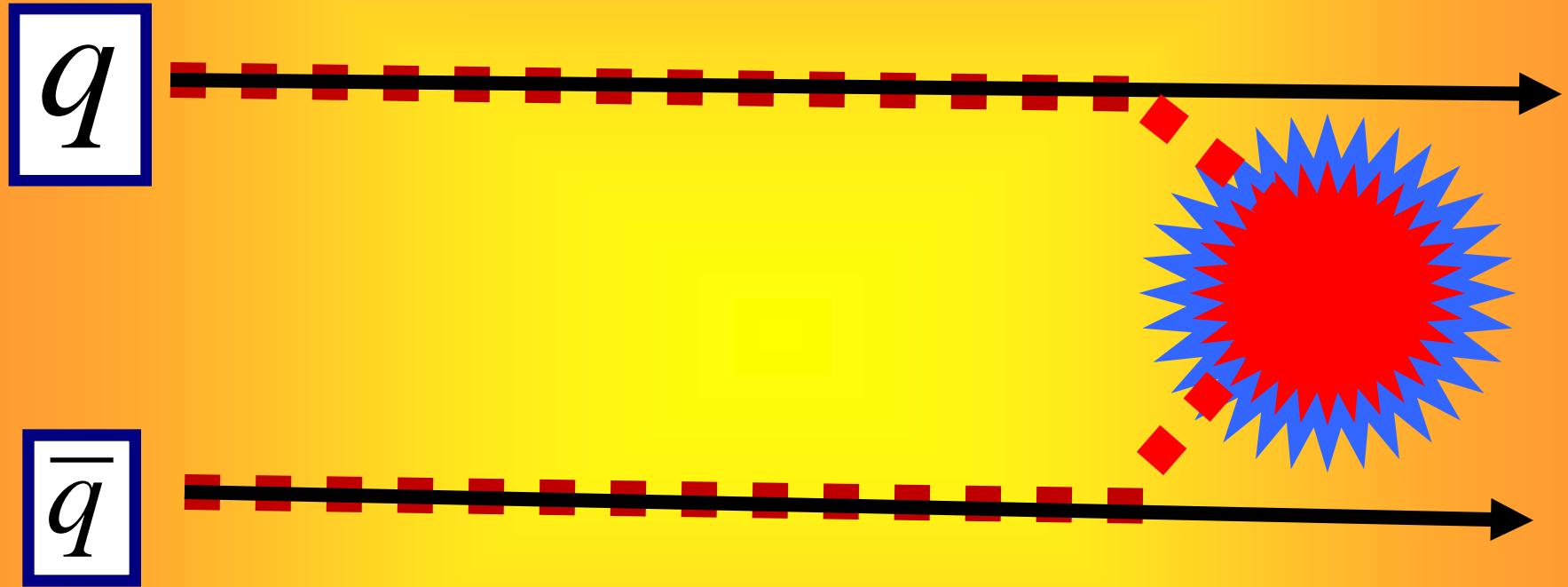
$q$



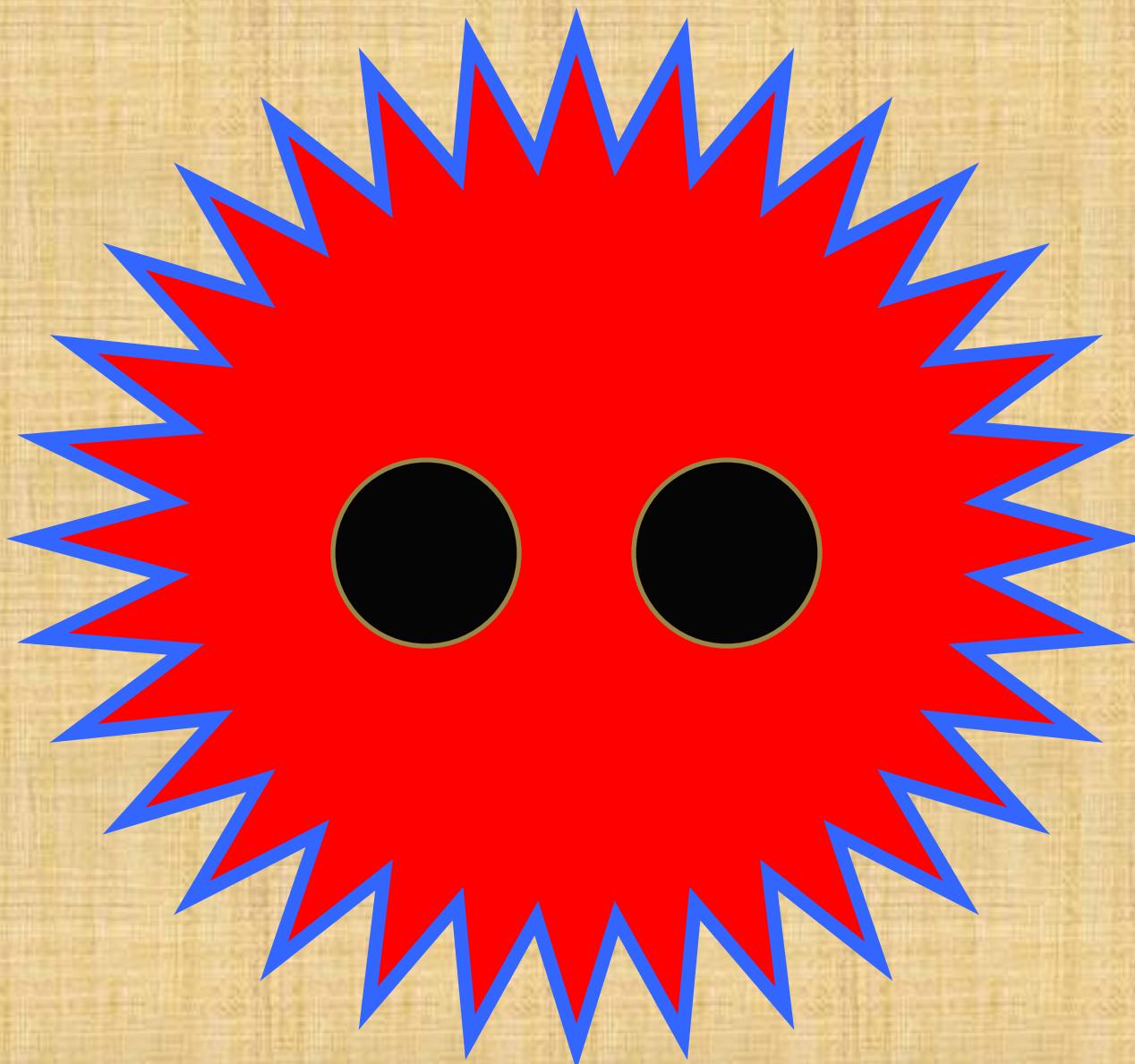
$S(0)$

$\bar{q}$



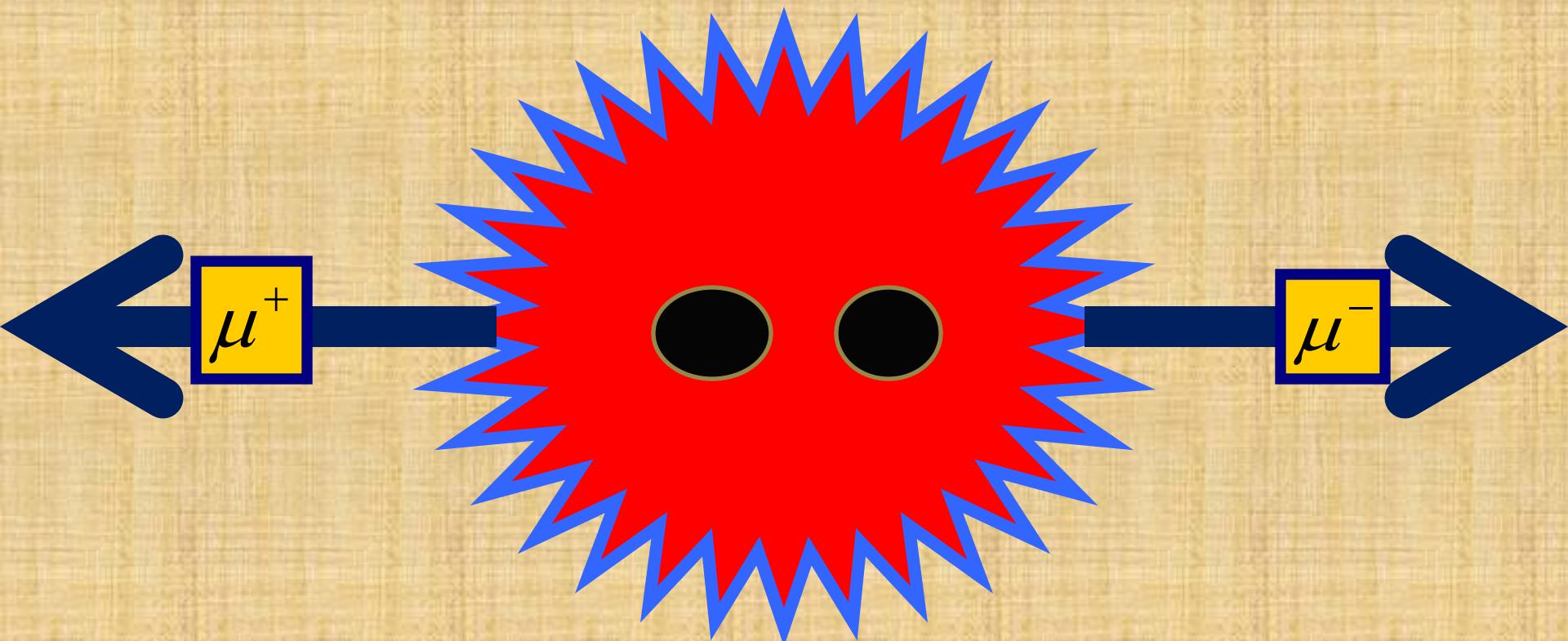


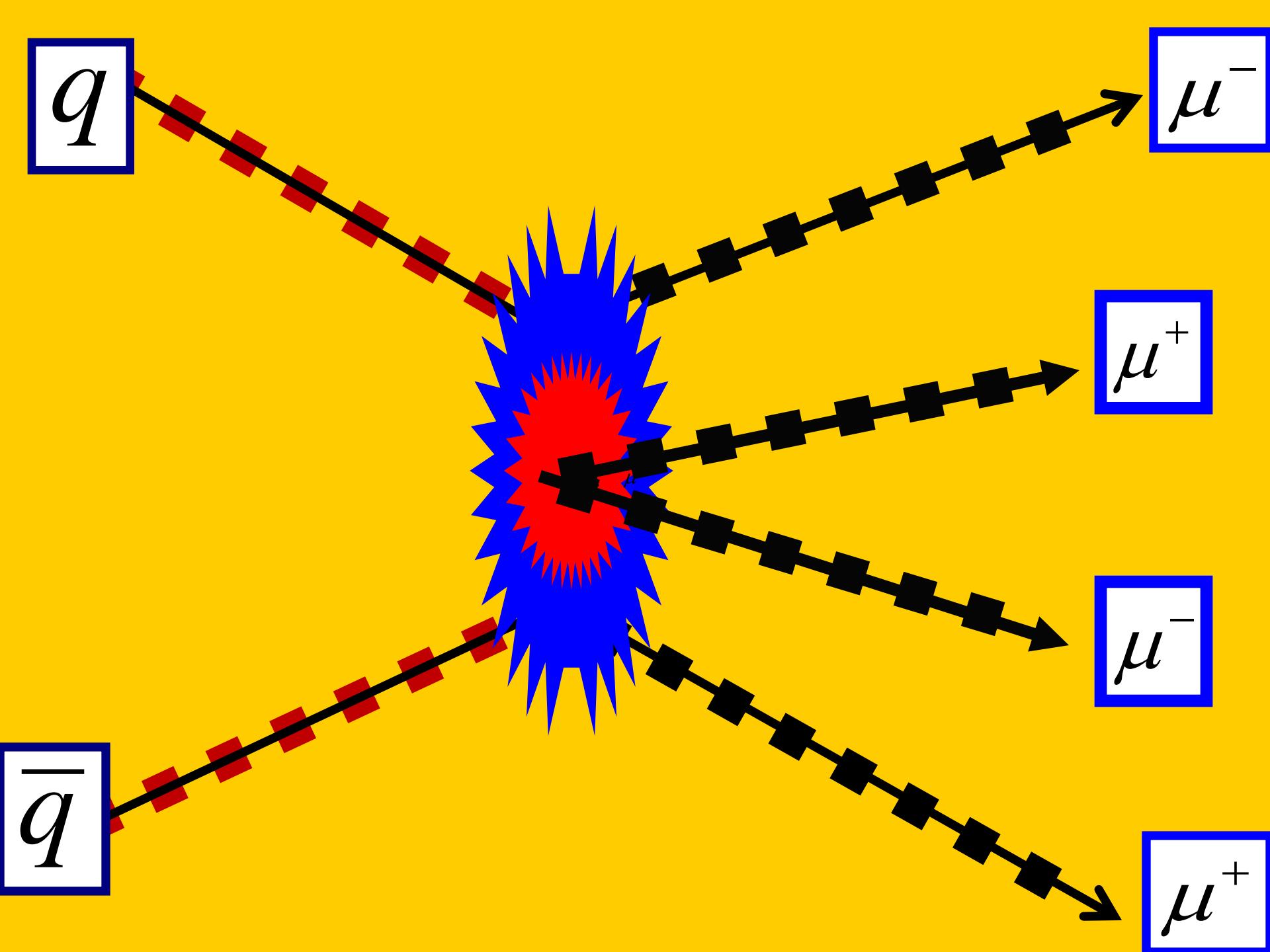
bound states of two scalars

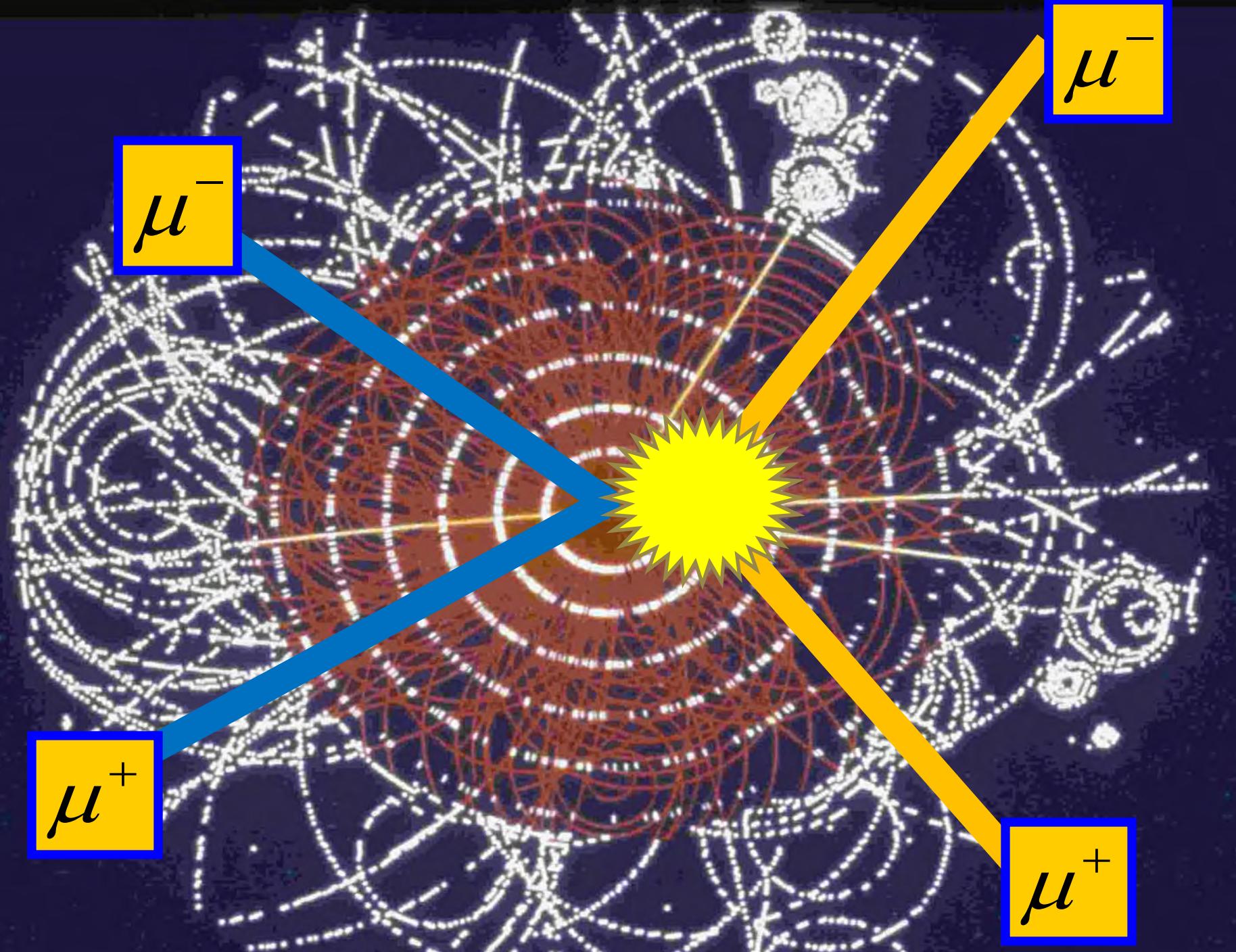


**M>0.5 TeV ?**

# decay into leptons and quarks







# conclusions

weak bosons

leptons

quarks

⇒ composite

$S(0)$

126 GeV

**s(0)**

**excited**

**weak boson**

**Spin 0**

**many QHD resonances**



above  
1 TeV

**L H C**